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THE TIMES.

JAMES W. ALBRIGHT,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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WRITTEN FOR THE TIMES.

THE SNOW-FLAKES.

BY ARTHUR L. MESERVE.

Dead are the vines on the garden wall,
And the flowers in the tulip bed;
And the bright hued plat of echo bells,
Their golden leaves have shed.
Sere and dead is meadow and field,
Robed o'er in sober brown;
And from the storm-clouds gathered above,
The snow-flakes are flitting down.

With silent steps the snow flakes come,
And rest on mountain and tree;
O'er meadow, hillside and forest,
They are flitting careless and free.
Robeing the crests of the cypress
In a holy snow white wreaths.
And rustling down through the bare oak boughs,
To the dry and withered leaves.

Anon and a mantle of snow,
Is thickly lying around;
And o'er the hillside and valley
Is hiding the frozen ground.
And soon the jingle of bells,
Will be sounding loud and clear;
Telling to all around
That the Christmas days are near.

[By Permission.]

Letters from the 22nd Regiment.

EVANSPORT, Va., December 1st, 1861.

My Dear Friend:—We have begun to experience both the wet and cold of approaching winter. Housed in cloth tents, the rain pelting, the wind blowing, the air almost frosty. I have no idea but you sympathise with us very much, and imagine we are enjoying *horrible* times. And indeed we are enjoying them, horrible as they appear to you. It is surprising how many comforts we can have when deprived of almost all comfort. To one who had never seen anything like it, the first appearance of our camp, would strike him somewhat with wonder, presenting to his view so many diminutive and variously constructed chimneys standing just out of the ground, heterogeneously about in spots, disgorging volumes of black smoke. As the story goes, the snow once fell so deep that the huntsman stepped down a cottager's chimney. It will require very shallow snows to cover up these chimneys; but should one step in them, he would hardly then discover where the fire is. I will explain. Our camp is upon the side of a hill; the men remove the dirt from the upper side of their tents, making the floor level. This gives from two to three feet of dirt wall on the upper side of the tent; in this they cut out a fire-place, and for a chimney cut and cover a trench some six to ten feet to the rear, capping it with a flour barrel, or a few stones set upright, or a little pen of daubed sticks. It is astonishing how well these chimneys draw the smoke, and how small a fire it requires to keep the tent perfectly warm. I write with as much ease and as much comfort as if sitting in your own room by a big log fire, and I doubt not a more cheerful heart than many, who, surrounded with their home comforts, sympathise with the "poor" soldier. It is true now and then it is a bitter pill to stand guard in the pelting rain; and to double quick, half leg deep in mud, upon some alarm of the enemy; but a resolute heart is half the victory; besides these "bitter pills" are voluntarily taken at home as of ten during the winter as we are compelled to take them in camp. I do not mean to say the camp is as pleasant as home, by any means; but necessity works out many inventions by which our apparent hardships are greatly alleviated.

In a military point of view, nothing new, of consequence, has taken place since I last wrote you, further than the continued erections of masked batteries along the river, which I am not at liberty to unmask. The enemy also appear to be erecting batteries, but the boast made over a month since by Mr. Seward that the blockade should be broken in ten days, is as other declarations from the same source, still unfulfilled. We stand in readiness to prevent a surprise, but by no means *scared*.

I see that the men, officers and privates, are preparing for the long winter nights. Some are preparing for Drafts, some for Chess, some are laying in a few books, and some are talking of a literary association. In the dead of winter something will be necessary to entertain.

I mentioned in my last letter that Gen. French had succeeded Col. Walker in command of our Brigade, composed of the 22nd Regiment N. C. V., 1st Arkansas, and 2nd Tennessee. The following is a copy of Col. Walker's Valedictory, read on Dress Parade one evening last week:

"Having been detached from the command of this Brigade, in taking leave of it, the undersigned avails himself of the opportunity of expressing his thanks to its officers and men for the cheerful and efficient support they have at all times rendered him in the discharge of his duties.

The erection and successful defense of the Potomac at this point, performed exclusively by this Brigade, by constant labor and untiring vigilance, has contributed to the success of our great cause no less than the more brilliant achievements of our brothers in arms on the field of battle; and each of us will remember hereafter with satisfaction that we assisted in closing the Potomac to the enemy's commerce and blockading him in his own capitol."

Notwithstanding our regiment has been fortunate in loosing so few men, the Surgeon's report shows that it has suffered greatly from sickness. In a former letter I stated that we had not had a single death in the Regiment up to first of September, the time we reached this place. But I am informed that the Surgeon, Dr. Hall, reports to the Surgeon General, that he has had under his treatment, in the months of September and October, seven hundred and fifty-nine cases confined to their beds. There were some others sick at Fredericksburg not included in this list. Of these less than twenty died. When it is remembered that we had no hospitals other then tents, only one Surgeon and one Assistant, no regular nurses, often without proper medicines, it is a cause of gratitude that the list of deaths is so small. The Surgeons have had no time for rest, it may well be surmised.

I am very truly yours,
J. A. C.

The Message of Lincoln.

The Baltimore Sun, of the 4th, contains the following summary of Lincoln's message sent in to both Houses of the Yankee Congress on Tuesday last:

The annual message of the President was delivered to both Houses of Congress yesterday, and it will be found at length in the Sun this morning. We have read it with the attention which so important a document is calculated to inspire, and especially at a crisis of our history so momentous as the present, and take for granted that most of our citizens will do the same. But for the convenience of those who may not have the time or inclination to do so, we present a brief summary of its contents.

The message opens with a recognition of existing "political troubles," but expresses gratitude to God for the prosperous harvests and general health.

In reference to the action of the seceded States, the President anticipates the possibility of an appeal for foreign aid, or of foreign interposition; and though admitting the non-interference of European powers hitherto, it is deemed expedient to suggest the arming and fortifying of the Northern ports and the lake coasts to be prepared for any contingency in the future.

Suggestion is also made for co-operation with Kentucky and certain districts of Tennessee and North Carolina against the seceded States, and the building of a railroad in aid of the purpose.

Indemnity is recommended in the case of the British ship Perthshire, for illegal detention under the blockade.

The recognition of Hayti and Liberia is approved.

The revenue from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1861, was $86,835,978, and the expenditures for the same period $84,573,834, which with previous balance in treasury, left a balance of two and a quarter millions. The revenue for the first quarter since, ending September 30th, is $102,632,509, and the expenses $98,239,733. For the estimate for the three quarters ensuing, and for 1863, Congress is referred to the report of the Secretary of the Treasury. It is alleged as a gratifying fact that these expenses are not beyond the resources of a loyal people. It is also added that the number of troops offered for the war is beyond the requirement of Congress.

The recommendations of the Secretary of the Navy for certain improvements in that arm of the service are urged upon congressional attention.

Vacancies existing on the bench of the Supreme Court are referred to, and delay in appointments ascribed to an unwillingness to do injustice to the South; at the same time the President regards the North as having a superior claim.—Certain modifications in the system of the Supreme Court are recommended.

The revision or codification of the acts of Congress is advised.

A plan for the temporary operation of courts in the territory reoccupied by the authorities of the United States, in the seceded States, is recommended especially for the summary restitution in the case of repudiated debts. Authority to make final judgment in the Court of Claims is presented to the consideration of Congress.

The restoration of the old Virginia boundaries of the District of Columbia is recommended.

The organization of an agricultural and statistical bureau is deemed advisable.

The attention of Congress is particularly directed to such legislation as will authorize the freedom of slaves coming within the scope of military action on the part of the United States, and the acquisition of territory for their colonization.

The President states that he has preferred the blockade of the Southern ports to the closing of the same, as authorized by the act of the last Congress.

Reference is made to the belief on the part of the South that they would have the sympathy of a large portion of the people north of Mason and Dixon's line. The error is said to have exploded while Delaware, Maryland Missouri and Kentucky are claimed to have vindicated their loyalty to the Federal Government.

The retirement of Lieut. Gen. Scott is alluded to, and the appointment of Maj. Gen. McClellan as commander-in chief of the army, is spoken of as a popular as well as executive selection.

The message closes with a sort of controversial disquisition of certain principles enunciated by a late committee of the Virginia Legislature, on suffrage and modification of popular government, and some remarks upon the relative importance of capital and labor; and commends the national cause to a firm and earnest reliance upon Providence for success.

Where the Cold Comes From.

The Smithsonian Institute, by means of the extended system of its meteorological observations, has been enabled to make some very curious investigations respecting the three memorable cold days of January, 1859. It was found that the cold of the 3 days mentioned, swept progressively over the country like a wave, coming down from the Arctic regions, and first entering the territory of the United States at the extreme Northeast, among the Rocky Mountains. It was experienced at Utah some three days before it reached the banks of the northern Mississippi, and was heralded by telegraph at Minnesota some two days before it reached Washington.

At Buffalo it was some two hours in advance of Boston, and was felt last on the Atlantic Ocean, where it appears to have vanished. This cold wave also swept South in a most remarkable manner, and progressively appeared in Florida and other Southern States, and Mexico; and the last pulsations, as it died away in this direction, were experienced in Central America, and among the West India Islands. Taken all in all, it was one of the most remarkable meteorological phenomena ever noticed, and the facts collected seem to prove that the originating impulse came from the extreme northwestern portions of the American continent.

Watauga county, in this State, has been deeply wronged by the report that a portion of her citizens were co-operating with the traitors of East Tennessee. She polls only about six hundred votes, and has two infantry companies and one cavalry company in the Confederate army. Her people, men, women and children, are as true as steel to the cause of the South, notwithstanding nothing but an imaginary boundary line separates them from the [illegible] territory region of East Tennessee.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

The Armstrong Gun a Failure.

The London Mechanics' Magazine, which is high authority, declares that the Armstrong gun has proved a signal failure. The piece heats so rapidly in firing that the delicate screw arrangements and breech-pieces no longer fit into each other as before. So readily does this change take place that before the thirtieth round has been fired the piece becomes useless. The pressure of gas on the vent-pipe is such that it exceeds the cohesive strength of any known material of which guns are made; and hence the vent-pieces are either broken into fragments or bent so completely out of shape as to render the gun unserviceable. During recent experiments, no less than nine pieces were thus destroyed on a single gun. In another case fifty rounds destroyed four of these pieces, requiring eight hours to replace them and make the necessary repairs. At this rate of going the gun could in effect fire only one shot in sixteen minutes! Still another objection is, that the shot and shell being iron coated with lead, form, when exposed to moisture, a regular voltaic pile. Hence, it is found that in a short time the lead exfoliates from the ball, owing to atmospheric influence alone. The transportation of those missiles in such condition is alleged to have caused considerable loss of life to the English army in the late Chinese war.

ECONOMY IN BOOTS.—Economy in boots and shoes is very desirable at the present high rates of leather. To make them wear as long as possible, therefore, should be the aim of each and every person.—By making the following application to them, one pair can be made to last as long as three pairs ordinarily. It will not only preserve the leather, but will keep the feet free from wet. Put a pound of tallow and a half pound of rosin into a pot on the fire, and, when melted and mixed, warm the boots and apply the hot mixture with a painter's brush until neither the sole or upper leathers will suck up any more.—If it is desired that the boots should take polish, desolve an ounce of beeswax with an ounce of turpentine, to which add a teaspoonful of lamp black. A day or two after the boots have been treated with the tallow and rosin, rub over them the wax and turpentine, but not before the fire.—Tallow or any other grease becomes rancid and rots the stitching as well as the leather, but the rosin gives it an antiseptic quality which preserves the whole. Boots or shoes should be so large as to admit of wearing in them cork soles—cork is a bad conductor of heat.—*Express.*

Do those who prate about the "United States" as a Republic consolidate, one and indivisible, ever remember that the "United States" as such was never acknowledged by foreign powers, but that the treaty of Paris, in 1783, recognized thirteen sovereign and independent United States, among which were Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia?—*Charleston Courier.*

During the cannonade at Pensacola, the enemy fired from Pickens above six thousand shot, equal to eighty-five tons of iron, and with all this tremendous storm of missiles killed but one man on our side.

An Ordinance in Regard to the Supply of Salt.

1. *Be it ordained*, &c, That a Commissioner be appointed by this Convention, to manufacture salt for the use of the people of this State, at such place or places on some navigable water as he shall judge best, and that he furnish it to the people of each county at the most convenient depot on the railroad to such county, on the payment of the cost of manufacturing and transportation, which price shall be paid on the delivery of the salt.

2. *Be it further ordained*, That the said Commissioner shall have full power to employ the necessary agents and laborers, and to contract for materials, in the name of the State, necessary in carrying out the provisions of this Ordinance, and to draw upon the Public Treasurer, from time to time, therefor, not exceeding the sum or one hundred thousand dollars.

3. *Be it further ordained*, That it shall be the duty of said Commissioner to proceed as soon as practicable to the discharge of this duty, and as salt can be made, it be sent forward to the various depots on the several railroads in the State, or on some navigable water, for the accommodation of every section of the State, equally, and in such order as he may find best to meet the wants of the country.

4. *Be it further ordained*, That Justices of the Peace in the several counties, a majority being present, in this State may meet at the Court House, in term time, or in vacation of the courts, and make such order as they may prefer, touching the delivery, distribution and payment for the salt manufactured for the use of the people of such county, and to that end may advance the money out of the Treasury of the county, or otherwise: *Provided*, That they shall not allow the salt to be sold on speculation, or for more than the actual cost.

5. *Be it further ordained*, That it shall not be lawful for any one to purchase more of the salt, so made, than he requires for his own use, or for distribution, at the cost and expense of transportation; and if any one shall purchase any salt so made, and re sell it for a profit, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, in any of the County or Superior Courts, shall be fined or imprisoned, at the discretion of the Court.

6. *Be it further ordained*, That this Ordinance shall continue in force and operation during the continuance of the present war, unless the Legislature shall otherwise order.

7. *Be it further ordained*, That if the Commisioner should die or remove from the State, resign, or refuse to act, the Governor, with the advice of the Council of State, shall fill the vacancy.

8. *Be it further ordained*, That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner to make report to the Governor every month showing the progress of the work, its cost, etc., and that the Governor shall lay such reports before the General Assembly at the first session, and they may make such order for management of the business and settlement with the Commisioner as in their wisdom may seem right.

The Extension of the Danville Rail-road.

The blockade deprives us of the facilities of water transportation, and throws the Government and trade entirely upon the rail-roads to conduct the transportation between the capitol and the South and Southwestern parts of the Confederacy.—They have been unable to meet the demands upon them; whilst the treachery in East Tennessee has very much interrupted the operations of that road upon which we have had mainly to rely. As the extension of the Danville Rail-road to Greensborough, N. C., would increase the rail-road capacity and the accommodation for the transportation between the principal points in the Confederacy, and as it would, moreover, afford a direct, rapid, and safe route between those points in case of a repetition of the East Tennessee troubles, it is of the highest importance that it should be made at an early day.—President Davis very properly brought the expediency and necessity of this measure to the notice of Congress in his recent message. His suggestion was a wise one; and we hope that Congress will give it their prompt attention.

The people upon the line of the route are anxious for the completion of the last link of this important national line. They are a thrifty and intelligent people. They produce largely of the necessaries of life, and it is important to the Government that they should have the best facilities possible to market; but, valuable as the road will be for affording new accommodations to them, its completion is chiefly important because it will open a complete and direct route from Virginia to the South. This route, too, apart from its mere recommendation as an additional line of transportation, from North to South of the Confederacy, has the advantage of traversing the district between the tide water and Piedmont. It is not liable to the casualties peculiar to mountain and tide-water routes. Taking the year round, it is the safest and most agreeable of all the routes.

There are forty-five miles of road to build to complete this important connection. Yet for this distance the route is one of the best imaginable for the purpose of constructing a road. Everything needed, save the rail, is found in abundance, and it is said that for thirty-five of the forty-five miles there is not a stream large enough to require a bridge. Therefore the road may be soon put in a condition to receive the rails, and they can be had very easily. Railroad iron, of a very excellent kind, can be reached in spite of the blockade, and at cheaper rates than it can be obtained from either the English or the Yankee rolling mills. The road is needed. It will be a great national benefit; and the sooner it is made the better.

Richmond Dispatch.

Terrible Tragedy in Mississippi—Two Men Killed and Several Wounded.

The Starkville (Miss.) *Advocate* publishes a letter from a gentleman living in Greensboro, Miss., to his son in Starkville, giving the particulars of a recent bloody tragedy which occurred in Choctaw county, brief mention of which has been made in the *Dispatch*. The letter bears date November 25th. We extract the following:

"I have just witnessed the closing scene of the most terrible tragedy I ever witnessed, or ever read, or heard of, and I sincerely hope I may never witness a similar one. It seems that a difficulty had been brewing for some time between the Edwards and Gray families about some property. I do not know who was in fault about the matter. The children of the two families had intermarried with each other; and some time since, one of the Mr. Edwards, who married a Miss Gray, died. Mr. Robert Gray administered upon his estate, and was trying to get the property claimed by his sister. On last Friday the parties met at the late residence of the deceased, about five miles from this place, and about two miles from the residence of Judge Edwards, and about four miles from Dr. James Gray's residence.

"The parties met early in the morning, both armed for the conflict. It seems that the Grays, Robert, William and James, reached the fatal spot first. After they had been there some time, Judge Edwards and his two sons, Luther and Knight, came and found the Grays there, armed with double-barreled shot guns. Some angry words passed between the parties, and the firing commenced, and how long the battle lasted no one knows. There were three on each side, and it is said, that several negroes belonging to Judge Edwards participated in the fight. Judge Edwards was shot in the breast, and died soon after. Luther Edwards was shot in the left side, and died that evening, and the two Grays, Robert and William, were not shot, but were beaten over the head and left on the ground for dead—then Dr. Gray was left alone to contend with Mr. Knight Edwards and the negroes. They fought a long time; it is said Mr. Knight Edwards received a severe wound on the head, and Dr. Gray a severe wound in the left arm with a large knife, and several about the head. In the meantime Robert Gray came to himself and scrambled up and left—some of the negroes, it is not known how many, pursued him, and two of them overtook him just as he reached Mrs. Newman's, and there two young ladies gathered axes and stopped the negroes. Robert Gray was then conveyed to a residence near by, where he lies in a critical condition."

THE DANVILLE CONNECTION.—In the Virginia House of Delegates, on last Tuesday, on motion of Mr. Buford, it was resolved that a select committee of five be appointed to confer with the proper authorities of the Confederate Government in relation to the construction of a railroad between the town of Danville, Va., and the town of Greensboro', North Carolina.—*Observer.*

Missouri makes the twelfth State of the Southern Confederacy. She is entitled to thirteen members in the House of Representatives.

N. C. Conference Appointments.

The Annual Conference convened in Louisburg on the 5th, and adjourned on Monday night the 9th December. The next Conference will be held in Raleigh. The following are the appointments for the ensuing year:

Raleigh District—Wm. Barringer, P. E.
Raleigh City—John S. Long.
Raleigh Mission—To be supplied.
Raleigh Colored Mission—Wm. E. Pell.
Raleigh Circuit—Wm. M. Jordan.
Tar River—W. H. Barnes.
Lewisburg—M. C. Thomas.
Henderson—L. Shell.
Granville—W. S. Chaffin.
Person—P. J. Caraway.
Hillsboro—S. D. Peeler.
Hillsboro Circuit—W. M. Walsh.
Chapel Hill—J. W. Jenkins.
Nashville—James Reid
Leasburg—Theodore Kingsbury.

Greensboro District—N. F. Reid, P. E.
Greensboro—H. T. Hudson.
Guilford—C. H. Phillips.
South Guilford—R. S. Webb.
Davidson—D. W. Doub, Isaac S. Kearnes, Sup.
Forsyth—S. H. Helsabeck.
Winston—R. A. Willis.
Madison—D. R Bruton.
Stokes—Geo. E. Wyche.
Wentworth—C. M. Pepper.
Yanceyville—T. P. Ricaud.
Alamance—J. T. Smoot.
Trinity College and High Point—N. H. D. Wilson.
Asheboro—J. W. Lewis.

Salisbury District—Wm. H. Bobbitt, P. E.
Salisbury—A. W. Mangum.
Rowan—J. W. Williams
East Rowan—F. H. Wood.
Mocksville—W. C. Gannon.
Iredell—Wm. M. Robey.
South Iredell—R. T. Stephenson.
Alexander—T. L. Triplett.
Jonesville—W. D. Meacham.
Wilkes—John M. Gunn.
Surry—To be supplied.
Blue Ridge Mission—Isaac W. Avent.

Washington District—I. T. Wyche, P. E.
Washington—Jas. E. Mann.
Washington, Avent Chapel—To be supplied.
Roanoke—L. L. Hendren, N. A. H. Geddin, Sup.
Warren—Jos. H. Wheeler.
Warrenton—H. H. Wheeler.
Plymouth—B. F. Guthrie.
Greenville—Jas. L. Fisher.
Columbus—T. P. Culbreth.
Matamuskeet—Isham H. Hill.
Bath—W. H. Moore.
Neuse—Wm. F. Clegg.
Tarboro—J. P. Simpson.
Portsmouth, Ocracoke and Cape Hatteras—C. P. Jones.
Tar River Colored Mission—To be supplied.

Newbern District—Wm. Closs, P. E.
Newbern, Centenary—L. S. Brukhead.
Andrew Chapel—N. A. Hooker.
Newbern Circuit—T. L. Troy.
Snow Hill—G. W. Deems.
Wilson—Jas. A. Cunningim.
Johnson Mission—J. B. Brooks.
Contentnea Mission—C. W. King.
Smithfield—C. Parker.
Goldsboro—R. S. Moran.
Everettsville—J. N. Andrews.
Jones—J. J. Hines.
Trent—A. Wilson, P. J. Yarrell.
Beaufort—R. G. Barrett.
Purvis Chapel—John Jones.
Straits—To be supplied.
Edgecombe Colored Mission—To be supplied.
Morehead City—A. R. Raven.

Wilmington District—C. F. Deems, P. E.
Wilmington, Front Street—T. W. Guthrie.
Fifth Street—Jos. Wheeler.
Topsail—J. B. Bailey.
Onslow—W. A. Smith.
Duplin—E. A. Yates.
Bladen—P. H. Scovill.
South River Mission—Wm. D. Moore.
Elizabeth—D. C. Johnson.
Magnolia—D. B. Nicholson.
Whitesville—John C. Brent.
Smithville—T. J. Sattig.
Cape Fear Mission—D. Culbreth.
North East—E. N. Gwynn.

Fayetteville District—Peter Doub, P. E.
Fayetteville—Joel W. Tucker.
Fayetteville Colored Mission—John L. Newby.
Fayetteville Circuit—Jos. C. Thomas.
Haw River—S. D. Adams.
Pittsboro—J. B. Martin.
Deep River—M. Plyler.
Rockingham—John Tillett.
Uwharie—T. C. Moses.
Robeson—R. P. Bibb.
Cape Fear Mission—J. W. Tinnin.
Montgomery—Z. Rush.
O. J. Brent, Chaplain in the army.

INEXPRESSIBLE MEANNESS.—Some two weeks ago, in Missouri, the Federals arrested Mrs. Campbell, who is a sister of Senator Green. Having no prison handy, and desiring to humiliate her, they have compelled her to wash the dirty clothes of the soldiers and to sew for them.

THE UTLEY GUN.—It must be obvious, we think, to every observer, that this is by far the most effective cannon that has yet been invented, exceeding in its powers of destruction the most formidable weapon known in modern warfare. It is the invention of Mr. Utley, an ingenious citizen of North Carolina, under whose superintendence a rifle 6-pounder has just been finished at the shop of the Petersburg Locomotive establishment.—It was tried on Wednesday afternoon, as was stated in the *Express* of yesterday, and its performance exceeded even the most sanguine expectations of the inventor. With a charge of one pound of powder it will send a ball about five miles; but its distinguishing merit consists in its being breech loading, by which it may be fired with a rapidity unknown in artillery practice, without any of the damage attendant on muzzle loading. It would be inexpedient to give a minute description of this gun; suffice it to say that, in all its parts, it is a model of ingenuity, and reflects the highest honor on the mechanical genius of the inventor. By order of the Ordnance Department it will be placed next week in charge of Gen. Huger, who is directed to prove it and make a report on its merits. As we have stated, this is a rifled gun, and it is made out of wrought iron. In workmanship, it is of the most perfect finish. Its weight is a little over 500 lbs. But it may be made of cast as well as of hammered iron, of any desirable size, and used for all the purposes to which other guns are applied, whether rifled or smooth bore. With a small armament, each gun discharging canister and grape shot at the rate of 15 or 20 times a minute, a battery might be defended against any assault that might be made upon it.

Petersburg Express.

PENSACOLA.—The manner in which Bragg handled his big guns at Pensacola deserves to be long remembered. The Northern papers are compelled to admit an amount of damage which we had no idea of from the modest accounts of the engagement which were given by the Confederate commander. A Yankee correspondent from the fleet to a New York journal states that the monster steam frigate Niagara, carrying one of the most enormous armaments ever heard of in naval warfare, "was completely riddled with balls," and the Colorado, another first class steam frigate, "thoroughly disabled." It is added that Bragg's "regular salvos were terrific." It is evident that they know how to manage big guns at Pensacola, and that Hilton Head by no means settles the mooted question between fleets and forts, in favor of ships, even with the advantages of steam and other modern improvements.—*Dispatch.*

From the Brownsville (Texas) Flag 14th ult.

QUASI RECOGNITION OF THE SOUTHERN CONFEDERACY BY MEXICO.—By an arrival from Tampico we are put in possession of the following official document from the custom house at Tampico.

MARITIME CUSTOM-HOUSE, TAMPICO, TAMPAULAS.—*Republic of Mexico, Treasury of the Nation,*

First section—The chief officer in charge of the Department of Finance, communicates the following superior order to this General Treasury:

In an official communication dated the 4th inst., his Excellecy the Minister of Relations and Government informs me of the following: His Excellency the President ordaining that the vessels of the Confederate States of the South shall be admitted in the ports of the Republic subject to the same restrictions and under the same regulations as the vessels of other nations. I transmit this to you that you may circulate it to the maritime and Frontier Custom Houses for the fulfillment of its purpose.

I hereby communicate it to you that it may be so done. God and Liberty.—*Mexico, May* 11, 1861.

JOHN A. ZAMBRANO.

MASONIC.—The Grand Lodge of North Carolina assembled in Raleigh on Monday the 2nd inst. We learn from the Journal that the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Dr. W. G. Hill of Raleigh, M. W. Grand Master; Danl. Coleman of Cabarrus, G. S. W.; R. K. Speed of Pasquotank, G. J. W.; C. W. D. Hutchings of Raleigh, G. Treas.; W. T. Bain of Raleigh, G. Sec'y. Other appointments have not been announced.

Jonathan Worth, Esq., was elected by the Convention Commissioner of Salt.

A NEW INVENTION IN GUNNERY.—A gentleman in Natchez, Miss., furnishes the New Orleans *Picayune* the following paragraph:

The new and improved mode of making cannon of lamellar wrought iron, invented by James Carkeet, of Natchez, Miss., patented September 3, 1861. The inventor claims this gun to be superior to any one now in use; susceptible of the most gigantic proportions, and equally adapted for light artillery; combining strength and lightness in a degree never before attained. It cannot be made to burst; and to prove the truth of these assertions, he would challenge the investigation of the scientific men in our Confederacy. He is now building, and has nearly completed, a 20-pounder conical shot. The weight of the gun will not exceed 500 pounds, taking the place of a gun of the same calibre weighing 3,500. Hence, in the case of necessity, such a gun can be drawn by men instead of horses.

CONCERT!
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SOLDIERS.
Greensborough Female College.
A Concert will be held in the College Chapel on the night of the 20th instant for the benefit of our Volunteers. Doors open at 6 o'clock. Exercises will commence at at 7.
Price of admission 50 cents. Children half price.

500 Gallons Tanners' Oil,
For sale at Greensborough, by
Dec. 12tf J. & I. T. BARRETT.

STATE'S DAY.
N. CAROLINA, } Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions,
Guilford County. } November Term, 1861.
Ordered by the Court, That hereafter the State Docket will be taken up on Tuesday of the Term, for the trial of causes therein.
Ordered, further, That the Clerk make advertisement thereof in the "Patriot" and "Times" and by hand bills.
Test: LYNDON SWAIM, C.C.C.
50-6w

COMMON SCHOOLS.
GUILFORD COUNTY—FALL DIVIDEND, 1861.

Dist.	Amt.	Dist.	Amt.	Dist.	Amt.	Dist.	Amt.
1	$1 05	22	$5 88	43	$5 13	64	$4 02
2	54 56	23	83 02	44	43 66	65	78 15
3	58 16	24	63 41	45	44 78	66	48 88
4	54 02	25	66 30	46	56 21	67	45 43
5	31 68	26	46 02	47	37 73	68	37 56
6	61 32	27	68 82	48	71 78	69	75 56
7	69 46	28	85 02	49	10 88	70	26 78
8	56 59	29	82 14	50	88 06	71	70 78
9	61 32	30	84 66	51	29 60	72	37 56
10	64 58	31	78 50	52	65 86	73	41 41
11	48 10	32	66 24	53	51 10	74	48 84
12	59 30	33	70 92	54	74 74	75	68 68
13	27 08	34	70 16	55	43 66	76	2 60
14	48 84	35	41 34	56	64 58	77	30 96
15	52 56	36	44 10	57	81 43	78	41 41
16	27 78	37	79 32	58	48 10	79	28 86
17	49 70	38	130 09	59	46 62	80	65 09
18	52 30	39	49 70	60	34 78	81	31 66
19	70 96	40	50 68	61	59 22	82	45 34
20	27 30	41	27 74	62	56 34		
21	55 50	42	76 36	63	11 10		

In addition to the above amounts due the several districts, there will be about forty-seven cents each child when the State pays her full dividend, which she advertises to do on the first of April, 1862.
NATHAN HATT, Chairman.
Dec. 12, 1861. 51-4w

Greensborough Female College,
GREENSBOROUGH, N. C.—The spring Session of the present term will open on the 2d day of January 1862. The building is large, commodious, well ventilated with a fire place in each room. The location is healthful and retired. The Faculty consists of five gentlemen and seven ladies, all experienced teachers. Instruction systematic and thorough. With superior advantages for intellectual and moral culture, and very moderate charges, we confidently expect a liberal share of patronage, even in the present state of the country.
CHARGES PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:
Board $50; (Lights extra) Tuition in regular course $30; Music on the Piano or Guitar $20; use of instrument $2 50; Painting in oil $20; Drawing $5 to $10; French $10; Ancient Languages $5.
T. M. JONES, Pres't.
47—5w.

GREENSBORO STATION, N. C. R. R.
From and after this date I shall deliver no goods from this Station, until the freight is paid.
J. E. BALSLEY, Agent.
June 6th, 1861. (June 8tf)

THE LIVER
INVIGORATOR!
PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,
Compounded entirely from GUMS,
IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to expel its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it, and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.
The **Liver** is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well the powers of the system are in a healthy action of the mind its functions, when the stomach is not at fault, and the whole is almost entirely dependent of one organ—the **Liver**. *Liver* for the proper performance of one organ, one of the proprietors of this medicine has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy whereby to counteract the arrangements to which it is liable.
To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with **Liver Complaint**, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.
These Gums remove all morbid or foul matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, thus giving food to digest well, causing food to digest well, giving force and health to the system, supplying in their invigorating the stomach, the cause of the disease—**purifying the blood**, which machinery, removing the cause, and, what is effecting a radical cure.
Bilious attacks are the occasional use of the better prevented, by **Liver Invigorator**.
One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.
Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents **Nightmare**.
Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures **Costiveness**.
One dose taken after each meal cures **Dyspepsia**.
One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve **Sick Headache**.
One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.
Only one dose immediately relieves **Cholic**, while One dose often repeated is a sure cure for **Cholera Morbus**, and a preventive of **Cholera**.
Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.
One bottle taken for **Jaundice** removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.
One dose taken a short time before eating gives the food digest well.
Only one dose will relieve **Chronic Diarrhœa** in its worst forms, while **Summer Bowel** complaints yield almost to the first dose.
One or two doses cures **Worms** in Children; there is no surer, sicker, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.
A few bottles cures **Dropsy**, by exciting the absorbents.
We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for **Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious Type**. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.
All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.
Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.
THE LIVER INVIGORATOR
IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit*, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of **Liver** Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache*, all of which are the result of a **Diseased Liver.**
PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
SANFORD & Co., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.
Wholesale Agents:
BARNES & PARK, New York; T. W. DYOTT & SONS, Philadelphia; M. S. BURR & Co., Boston; H. H. HAY & Co., Portland; JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati; GAYLORD & HAMMOND, Cleveland; FARRESTOCK & DAVIS, Chicago; O. J. WOOD & Co., St. Louis; GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh; S. S. HANCH, Baltimore. And retailed by all Druggists. *Sold also by*
FOR SALE BY
PORTER & GORRELL,
DRUGGISTS.
SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

HE TIMES.

REENSBORO, N. C.

aturday, December 14, 1861.

Rules without Exceptions.

1. All who are now indebted to the office be dunned every month until they pay
2. d customers semi monthly.
3. No name will be entered on our books scription unless we first received the or its equivalent.
4. No job will be delivered until paid
5. Legal Blanks cash on delivery.
6. Transient advertisements must be in advance: six and twelve months ements, on first of January and July. from a distance can enclose any amount dollar they desire to invest in this way will be governed by our terms in an- column.

To our Patrons and Friends.

With the present number closes the and last volume of THE TIMES.—not for us to say how well we have ed you in the past—many that we address have stood by us from the and to them we are grateful. We ed zealously, spent much of our hard ed money to make THE TIMES a first Southern family paper; and when war cloud, that now hangs so darkly this beloved land, first spread its ow over us, we were in as prosperous ndition as we could expect.

he principal editor, being a young and otic man, soon caught the alluring it of war, buckled on his armour, and stands on the broad, and once calm peaceful Potomac, with his band of ilford Men" to assist in driving back merciless invadors. The Senior us in May last, and Providence rwise having sadly bereft us, we have been able to make *The Times*, since period what it should have been, or under more favorable circumstances would have made it.

here are many pleasant associations nected with *The Times*, with which reluctantly part; and while we will look back to the years spent in its lication, as the happiest and bright- we ever enjoyed, yet the field that lies before us is of quite a different ure. None of the wild and youthful ies that then filled our heart, ever e to us now, except as the echoes of st that can never be recalled. The n realities of a dark and unknown ure stare us in the face and defiantly us give them battle. We have always deavored to go where duty calls us, al- ugh we often feel our inability to dis- rge that duty. We prefer, however, leave *The Times* behind, as it never intended for such evil times as have fallen us. We, therefore, go into an- er sphere with the same determination do our best, that we entered upon the blication of this paper. We thank our rons for their support in the past,

nd so, without more circumstance,
d it fit that we shou d shake hands and part;
u, as your business, and desire, shall point you—
every man hath business and desire,
h as it is—and for my own poor part,
you, I will go—"

print of *The Way of the World!*"

Concert.

It will be seen by reference to our ad- tising columns, that the young ladies of ensboro Female College intend giving ncert on Friday night, the 20th inst. e proceeds of this entertainment will appropriated for the Soldiers, in the nner best calculated to promote their fort. We simply call attention to advertisement, knowing that the con- will be worthy of the large attend- e it will undoubtedly receive from our zens.

Gen. Polk has entirely recovered, and assumed command at Columbus.

The Way of the World.

The subscribers to *The Times* are entitled to one more paper this year; but as we desire to publish the first number of the *World* before the printers take their accustomed Christmas holidays, we will send the *World* next week, to all those entitled to the *Times*. We would be pleased to enter the name of every old subscriber on the new books, but unless we receive notice to do so, shall not. We hope, therefore, that every one who wants the *World* will let us know it before the first day of January, 1862.

"OUR OWN PRIMARY GRAMMAR, for the use of beginners: by Charles W. Smythe, A. M., Principal of the Lexington English and Classical School." This is a very neat and tastefully gotten up book for the present times. Those competent to judge of its merits as a School Book give it a very high recommendation. We are glad to learn it meets with great success. If we expect to maintain our political independence, we must not look to foreign countries for our school books. Orders will receive prompt attention, if sent to Sterling & Campbell, Greensboro, N. C; W. H. White, Richmond, Va.; or McCarter & Dawson, Charleston, S C.

HUTTON AND FRELIGH'S SOUTHERN MONTHLY.—We have received the November number of this excellent Magazine, and cordially recommend it to the liberal patronage of the people of this State. See terms in another column.

Order from Head-Quarters.

The following persons will be exempt from Company Drills, except once in three months:

All workmen in any factory engaged in working for the State, or making arms, lead or powder, or in ship-building for the State or Confederate States, the necessary employees of Telegraph or Express lines, or Daily Press. Ferrymen and keepers of Canal Locks, State Officers, and those persons whose employment in the service of the State is inconsistent with attendance on militia drill, and persons excused under the militia law.

This order will not be understood as excusing any person from militia duty, when called upon to repel invasion, or suppress an insurrection, or from Regimental or Brigade drills and musters.

ALABAMA PIKES.—The Legislature of Alabama, on the 27th, appropriated $6,000 for the purpose of arming the 48th regiment Alabama Militia, at Mobile, with pikes and bowie knives. The pattern is said to be formidable and destructive.

MCCLELLAN IN FAVOR OF EXCHANGING PRISONERS.—A Washington dispatch says:

It is well known here that the new commander-in-chief is in favor of inaugurating a system of exchanging prisoners, as being in accordance with the principles of civilized warfare of the age. This will restore to the service some of the best of the officers in the regular army, who are now restrained by a parole, forced from them in Texas and elsewhere, besides giving encouragement to our men, in the day of battle, to hold their ground.

A singular, but novel, effect of the tremendous cannonade lately between Fort Pickens and our forces at Pensacola is shown in the beach being strewed with dead fish, killed by the concussion of the report of the guns.

A week well filled up with selfishness, and the Sabbath stuffed full of religious exercise, will make a good Pharisee, but a poor Christian. There are many persons who think Sunday is a sponge with which to wipe out the sins of the week.

Prof. Lowe's balloon "Constitution" was shipped from Washington to Beaufort, South Carolina.

Great Fire!

A telegraphic dispatch in the Charlotte *Bulletin*, dated Columbia, Dec. 12th, says:

Two-thirds of the city of Charleston is in now in ashes. The fire commenced on the night of the 11th and was burning at 5 o'clock this morning. It was the work of incendiaries. This is already as great a fire as ever occured in America, and it may destroy the whole city.

Another Famine in Ireland.

The Dublin correspondent of the London *Herald*, of the 5th of November, says:

The unproductive harvest is already making itself felt in the west of Ireland, where the clergy of all creeds and the local gentry feel themselves called upon to exert themselves to mitigate, as far as with them lies, the evils of impending want.

A local journal, the Sligo *Champion*, says:—At this moment the people in the west of Ireland are in a state that must eventuate in appalling distress, if something be not done for their relief. As regards the county of Sligo, we have it on the authority of a landed proprietor—one of those considerate landlords who will not shut their eyes to facts—that in some quarters the people are not as well off as they were in 1847; at that time they had some little hoard from previous savings, but now they are without any means, in consequence of the three last years being so severe, "so bad," as they expressively term it. In the districts alluded to, two thirds of the tenants are unable to pay their rents. The attention of the Government has been called to distress in Cliffden, but the only answer vouchsafed is one similar to that given to the venerable Archdeacon Coghlan by Sir Robert Peel—to wit "the subject is continuing to receive the anxious attention of the Irish Government." Of what avail is this "continuing to receive," if the people are left to perish in the meantime? This week the winter has set in with sudden and unusual severity, and if something be not done quickly, we dread the consequences.

The Emperor and Empress of France were present lately at the trial of a fire-proof dress, invented by M. Buvert. The dress is described to be both water-proof and fire-proof, and is copiously stuffed with sponges sewn together. He wears a helmet like that of a diver, with an apparatus for supplying fresh air, and glasses to see through. At a signal from the Emperor, he set fire to the temporary cottage, and when the flames had well got ahead he went into the midst of them several times with perfect impunity. The Empress, greatly excited by the scene, cried out repeatedly, "Enough; oh, it's quite enough!" The experiment was considered to be entirely successful, and the Emperor warmly complimented M. Buvert upon his invention.

A New Gun.

Our fellow-townsman, Dr. J. W. Howlett, by a slight tax of his inventive genius, has succeeded in bringing to perfection the most beautiful specimen of workmanship, in the shape of a breach loading rifle, which we have ever seen. The gun is well designed for cavalry use, being about twenty inches in length of barrel, having a very simple lock, which by means of a spring operates so as to easily introduce the cartridge, of which several kinds are made, some being loaded in cylinders, and others of a waterproof nature. We have seen this piece tested. It will throw a conical ball two hundred yards with the utmost precision. And the ease with which it can be loaded—say twenty or thirty times in a minute—must recommend it to all, who desire an efficient gun.—*Patriot.*

TO BE SHOT.—Colonel Kerrigan, of the Yankee army, has been sentenced to be shot for holding traitorous communication with the enemy. He belongs to the New York Twenty-fifth Regiment.

Tribute of Respect.

GREENSBORO' LODGE No. 76 OF A. Y. M.
December 3, 1861.

Whereas, it has pleased the Almighty Ruler of the Universe, in the dispensation of his Providence to call our worthy and beloved brother, S. W. WESTBROOK, from his labors here below, to that more perfect and celestial life above; and whereas we, as his brethren and members of this Lodge, feel deeply sensible of the solemnity of this inscrutable dispensation, both as a warning to ourselves, and to others, to be prepared for a similar destiny, therefore,

Resolved, That we bow with humble submission to this dispensation of Providence feeling that though an affliction to us and to the family and friends of our deceased brother, yet it is done with that wisdom that "does all things well" for mortals.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the family and friends of our deceased brother, in this afflicting calamity to them.

Resolved, That as a token of respect and sincere esteem, we wear the usual badge of morning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and these resolutions be sent to the family of our deceased brother, and that the papers of this place be requested to publish the same.

ROBT. W. DENNY,
W. C. A. FREELIGHS,
D. GUNDLING. } Com.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Way of the World.

A DOLLAR NEWSPAPER.

To be published weekly in Greensboro, N. C.

BY JAMES W. ALBRIGHT.

TERMS: Twelve months, One Dollar; Six months, fifty cents; single copies five cents.

Having been in the printing and publishing business for the last ten years, we have long since become disgusted with long and flashy prospectuses, and will simply say that we expect to publish as good a paper as possible for the price and the hard times. We will be entirely independent in every thing. And, while we will adhere closely to *virtue, truth* and *justice*, we will take no pains to please a world

"Where honest thoughts are a reproach to man,
Where knaves look great, and groaning virtue starves
A world of madness, falsehood, and injustice!"

We shall endeavor to make the paper what its title indicates—a truthful shadow of *The Way of the World!*—its virtues, its vices, its realities and its fancies; yet, we are frank to admit

"'Tis a very good world that we live in,
To lend, or to spend, or to give in:
But to borrow, or beg, or get a man's own,
'Tis the very worst world that ever was known!"

☞ The first number will appear on Thursday, the second of January, 1862; enclose five cents, get a copy, and if you like it subscribe We desire the paper to speak for itself.

☞ Please do not trouble us with letters unless you send the money, for they will, *in no case*, be attended to.

*** Editors will confer a favor by giving this prospectus such notice as they deem proper.

Hutton & Freligh's

Southern Monthly.

TERMS ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

One Copy—per year,				$ 3 00
Two Copies, to one address or post office,				5 00
Six Copies,	"	"	"	15 00
Eleven Copies,	"	"	"	25 00
Twenty-One Copies,	"	"	"	45 00
Fifty Copies,	"	"	"	105 00
One Hundred Copies,	"	"	"	200 00

☞ In ordering, be particular to write names of subscribers, Post Office and State, distinct and clear.

Address, HUTTON & FRELIGH, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Head Quarters N. C. Troops,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, Oct. 15, 1861.

[GENERAL ORDER No. 20.]

ALL COMPANIES HEREAFTER ACCEPTED BY the Governor, will remain at home, without pay, until called on for active service, when a reasonable time will be allowed them for reaching the appointed place of rendezvous. This order is necessary, on account of the limited quantity of Clothing and Camp Equipage now on hand, and to enable the Governor to have these supplies ready for the use of the Troops at the time they begin their field service.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

J. G. MARTIN,
Adjutant General.

October 18, 1861. 43—tf.

LADIES' CONFECTIONERY.—Mrs. J. C. CLENDENIN, having purchased the entire stock of *Confectionery Toys, Perfumery, &c.*, (belonging to the late Mrs. Albright,) would be pleased to see the friends of the enterprise at the same place the Ladies so liberally patronized heretofore. Mrs. Clendenin will spare no pains to make her shop, what it has ever been—*the best place* for Ladies to trade who desire things in her line of business.

☞ Mr. Albright has placed the accounts due Mrs. Albright in my hands for collection—and the ladies indebted will oblige him by calling soon. MRS. J. C. C.
September 11, 1861.

CRACKERS! CRACKERS!! THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED TO FURNISH merchants and families with a fresh baked Crackers, Pilot Bread, &c., at reasonable prices. Call and examine and leave your orders. Terms cash. S. TAYLOR.
Newbern, N. C., July 29, 1861. 2m.

JUST PUBLISHED, and now ready for sale—THE VOLUNTEER'S MANUAL AND DRILL BOOK. 1 vol, 18mo., 372 pages; Price $1.50.

Compiled from the best and latest authorities for the Volunteers and Militia of the Confederate States, by Lieut. Col. Wm. H. Richardson graduate and formerly assistant instructor of Tactics, Virginia Military Institute.

This valuable book is a liberal abridgment of Hardee's Tactics, including the School of the Battalion, and instructions for Skirmishes—the Balance Step, and the Manual of Arms for the Musket being introduced from Gilham's Manual: also the Forms of Parade for Reviews, Inspection, Dress Parades, Guard Mounting, Duties of Guards, Duties of Captain in Camp and Garrison, Marches, Camps, &c. together with Soldier's Rations and mode of cooking them, and a few important sanitary suggestions to soldiers.

☞ IN PRESS, a new edition of the Trooper's Manual. By Col. Lucius Davis. 1 vol., 18mo. Price, $1.25.

A. MORRIS, Publisher and Bookseller,
(july 16-tf.) Richmond, Va.

FOR THE DEFENCE OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.—The undersigned is appointed an Agent for the reception of subscriptions, of such portions of their crops, as the patriotic citizens of North Carolina may be able to invest in the bonds of the Confederate States.

These bonds have twenty years to run, and bear eight per cent interest, payable semi-annually.

Among the advantages to the country from this arrangement may be stated the following:

1st. It offers the best investment in public securities, either North or South.

2nd. It obviates any necessity that may arise for a War Tax.

3rd. It will prove to Europe and the World, not only our determination to support the Government of the Confederate States, but our *ability* to do so, &c., &c.

The undersigned earnestly requests those to whom he has distributed subscription papers to use every exertion to get them filled as soon as possible and returned to him at Raleigh, N. C., where he will be glad to receive other subscriptions and to give further information, if necessary.

H. K. BURGWYN,
Raleigh, North Carolina.

NOTICE.—All persons having Accounts with me, or with COLE & AMIS, are requested to come and settle the same, as my books must be closed. B. L. COLE.

Mr. C. W. Woollen, or W. H. Faucett is authorized to make settlements in my absence. B. L. C.
Jan. 19—tf.

TRACTS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—
REPRINTED AT RALEIGH, N. C.

"A voice from Heaven,"	4	pages.
"Don't put it Off."	"	"
"All-sufficiency of Christ."	"	"
"Self-Dedication to God."	"	"
"Private Devotion."	"	"
"The Act of Faith."	"	"
"The Sentinel."	"	"
"Motives to Early Piety."	"	"
"Come to Jesus." (formerly 64	"	now in 32,

and in 8 four page tracts.

Approved by all the Pastors of this City.—A large edition of the above should be printed before the type is distributed, as it will cost $40 to reset them. The number and variety will be increased as funds are given. $100 pays for 150,000 pages; $30 pays for 30,000 pages, and $1 pays for 1500.

Donations to be sent to the Agent, which he will acknowledge by letter and report to such of the Pastors of this City. More than 50,000 pages of new tracts have been sent to our soldiers in Virginia.

WM. J. W. CROWDER, Tract Agent.
Raleigh, June 1861.

P. S. Editors will greatly aid this good work by inserting the above 3 or 4 weeks. W. J. W. C.
(July 5-4w.)

"COSTAR'S" Vermin Exterminators.

THE

"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

Vermin.

Those preparations (unlike all others,) are
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the human family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

10 YEARS and more established in New York City.

Used by—the City Post Office.

Used by—the City Prisons and Station Houses.

Used by—City Steamers, Ships, &c.

Used by—the City Hotels—'Astor'—'St. Nicholas,' &c

Used by—the Boarding Houses, &c, &c.

Used by—more than 50,000 Private Families.

☞ *See what the People, Press and Dealers say.*

HENRY R. COSTAR.—All the summer I have been troubled with Roaches and Mice. I was actually ashamed of the house, for the Roaches were everywhere. I purchased a box of your Exterminator and tried it, and in one week there was not a Roach or Mouse in the house.
JOHN B. GIVENS, No. 94 Elm Street.

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster, (Wis.) Herald.*

HENRY R. COSTAR—Your Exterminator is received, used, and pronounced a decided success. We used a box of it, and the way the Rats and Mice around our premises "raised Ned" that night was a caution to sleepers.—Since then not a Rat or Mouse has been heard in kitchen or cellar.—*Migregor (Iowa) Times.*

I HAVE BEEN SELLING—Your Exterminator for the last year, and have found it a *sure shot* every time, have not known it to fail in a single instance."
GEORGE ROSE, Druggist, Cardington, O.

WE ARE SELLING—Your preparations rapidly.—Wherever they have been used, Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Vermin disappear immediately. ECKER & STOUFFER, Druggists, New Windsor, Md.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.

To Destroy——Mice, Moles, &c.

To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.

To Destroy——Moths, Fleas, Ants, &c.

To Destroy——Mosquitoes.

To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.

To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c., &c.

To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

USE ONLY

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator.
"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.
"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects, &c.

In 25, 50c, and $1.00 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks.
$3 and $5 Sizes for Plantations, Ships, Boats, Hotels, &c.

☞ *Sold Everywhere*—by
All Wholesale Druggists in large cities.
All Retail Druggists—Grocers—Storekeepers, &c., in all Country Villages and Towns.

Wholesale Agents in N York City.

Shieffelin Brothers & Co.
B & Fahnestock, Hull & Co.
A. B. & D. Sands & Co.
Wheeler & Hart.
Hegeman & Co.
Hall, Ruckel & Co.
Thomas & Fuller.
P. D. Orvis.
Penfold, Parker & Mower.
Dudley & Stafford.
Harral, Risley & Kitchen.
Bush, Gale & Robinson.
M. Ward, Close & Co.
McKissen & Robbins.
D. S. Barnes & Co.
F. C. Wells & Co.
Lezello, Marsh & Gardner.
Hall, Dixon & Co.
Tripp & Co.
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BY

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

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FINE TOILET SOAPS, HAIR and TOOTH BRUSHES,

Pure Wines and Liquors, for Medicinal Uses,

Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs,

SURGICAL & DENTAL INSTRUMENTS,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

Trusses Supporters and Shoulder Braces,

MEDICINE CHESTS,

Manufactured Tobacco, *SNUFF* and Cigars, Grass and Garden seeds,

East and West Market Streets,

And by Druggists, Grocers and Retailers generally, in City and Country.

☞ COUNTRY DEALERS can order as above.

Or address orders direct—[or if Prices, Terms, &c., are desired ☞ send for Circular to Dealers] to

HENRY R. COSTAR.

Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—[Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel,] New York.
mch. 9—sew3m.

WAR NEWS.

The Mason and Slidell Affair.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—Lord Lyons has not behaved like a diplomatist since the news of the capture of Messrs Mason and Slidell. Unofficially he is almost impertinent, and in coversation he assumes that the United States must yield the point in controversy, disavow the act of Captain Wilkes, and return Messrs. Mason and Slidell to England.

The Spanish Minister has openly declared that if Messrs. Mason and Slidell had been taken from a Spanish ship, he would have immediately demanded his passports.

The special Washington correspondent of the Louisville *Journal*, of the 19thinst. says that although there appears to be plenty of law to sustain Com. Wilkes, Lord Lyons is very noisy, and while being compelled to remain officially silent, he is unofficially impudent in all his conversations, and assumes that there will be no question between his Government and the Government of the United States, because the latter will apologize, and return Mason and Slidell. Many diplomatists, including some friendly to the Federal Government, express the opinion, unreservedly, that there will be war with England.

TORONTO, Nov. 18.—The *Globe* and *Leader* have severe articles on the seizure of Mason and Slidell. The *Globe* says it will add to the strength and dignity of the American Government if the captives are liberated without the remonstrance of Great Britain. The *Leader* says it is an insult to which the meanest Government on earth would not submit.

A later dispatch has just been received at Greensboro, stating that Great Britain had demanded the immediate surrender of Messrs. Mason and Slidell.

From Pensacola.

Fort Pickens and several Federal vessels opened fire upon our batteries around Pensacola, on Friday the 22nd, and kept it up until Sunday morning.

The following is an official dispatch dated O'Bannounsville, near Pensacola, 1 o'clock Monday:

"The enemy seems to be satisfied—does not re-open fire. They have fired into our hospital, but my sick had all been removed. Many hot shot, and innumerable shells, were thrown into the Navy Yard with comparatively little damage.

(Signed) BRAXTON BRAGG."

An official dispatch of Sunday night says that both the Federal ships had retired in a crippled condition. All the damage done to our works have been repaired.—Our wounded are only slightly hurt and are doing well.

Signs of an Approaching Engagement at Manassas.

MANASSAS, Nov. 26—All the signs which give evidence of an approaching engagement are abundant from Washington city to Manassas. A few days will develop the result of the signs so apparent.

Landing of Yankees near Bluffton.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 26.—The Charleston *Courier*, of this morning, says that an official dispatch has been received there, dated the 20th, which announces that two Yankee boats landed at Buckingham, six miles from Bluffton. This is coming directly on the main land. Our forces made a forward movement to meet them.

Gen. Lee has issued orders that no one be permitted to leave Charleston without a permit from the Mayor.

From Tybee Island.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 26.—The Savannah *Republican*, of this morning, says that late on Sunday evening several barges of Lincolnites landed on Tybee Island. Soon after doing so they raised a Federal flag on the lighthouse.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

AUGUSTA, Nov. 26.—A private dispatch from Savannah says Com. Tatnall opened the ball at Tybee this morning.

The above telegraphic news we clip from the Richmond *Dispatch*.

Burning of the Gunboat Tuscarora.

Mobile, Nov. 24.—The gunboat Tuscarora was burned to the water's edge fifteen miles above Helena on Saturday. The origin of the fire is unknown. The magazine was saved. The shells forward and aft of the locker exploded, but hurt nobody. Pennington and crew are here.

From Columbus, Ky.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 23.—Gen. Pillow telegraphs he will hold Columbus against any force the enemy can bring, but he desires to increase his force on his right and rear, and at Fort Pillow.

Gen. Pillow gives notice that he will not receive unorganised forces. All who come must determine to submit to discipline and government.

A dispatch from Gen. Pillow announces he has raised the blockade on the shipment south of produce, stock, army supplies, subsistence and forage.

A Military Display.

New Orleans, Nov. 23.—Over 28,000 troops were reviewed to-day by Gov. Moore Maj. Gen. Lovell, and Brig. Gen. Ruggles. The line was over seven miles long.

One regiment, 1,400 strong, was made up of free colored persons. It was the grandest sight ever witnessed on the Continent.

One company displayed the black flag, with the motto—"We ask no quarter, and will grant none."

Another Insult to the British Flag.

The New York *Herald* of the 13th contains the following paragraph in its shipping column:

The British ship Storm King, which arrived at Quebec on the 10th instant, reports that the United States ship Portsmouth ran into, *and tried to sink her* on the 14th September, in the Irish channel. The only reason that the Captain can give for his conduct is, that a ship of the same name cleared from Liverpool at the same time for a Southern port, loaded with military stores.

This Yankee trick is scarcely less outrageous than the audacious conduct of a Federal man-of-war in stopping a British mail steamer, on the high seas, and deliberately insulting the British flag by seizing from under its protection the Confederate Ministers.

State Agricultural Society.

The Society met in the Hall of the House of Commons on Tuesday evening last, and was called to order by the President, Dr. W. R. Holt. The Society was addressed by the President and Judge Ruffin upon the state of public affairs, who urged the importance of keeping up the organization, and doing what it can for the promotion of agriculture and the industrial arts in the midst of these calamitous times.

Hon. D. M. Barringer offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted;

Resolved, That while in the present condition of the country, it is not deemed expedient to hold our usual annual State Fair, the members of this Society will continue earnestly and zealously to cherish and maintain our organization, not only for the manifold benefits it confers in time of peace, but as greatly useful, if not indispensable in time of war, in fostering and securing the elements of its successful prosecution.

On motion of Hon. K. Rayner, the Society proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, with the following result:

Dr. W. R. Holt, President; Dr. E. A. Crudup, S. F. Patterson, R. R. Bridgers and W. B. Wadsworth, Esqrs., Vice Presidents; Fab. J. Hutchings, Treasurer, P. F. Pescud, Secretary.

The President re appointed the Executive Committee, and, on motion, the Society adjourned to meet at the call of the President.—*Standard*.

BOARD OF CLAIMS.—Our readers must bear in mind that the labors of the Board of Claims will terminate on the 15th of December next. It is highly important that all persons who hold war claims against the State, contracted before the 20th of May last, whether individual or county claims, should lay them before the Board immediately. If they are delayed until a few days before the expiration of the term of the Board they cannot be examined and allowed. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Our exchanges will do the public a service by noticing the above.—*Raleigh Standard*.

The Convention of the State of North Carolina is now in session. A Bill for suppressing speculation in the necessaries of life is now before that body. A committee has been appointed on the Stay Law and some change will likely be made.

Richmond.

1861. SPRING IMPORTATION. 1861

Clarkson, Anderson & Co.,

No. 105 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

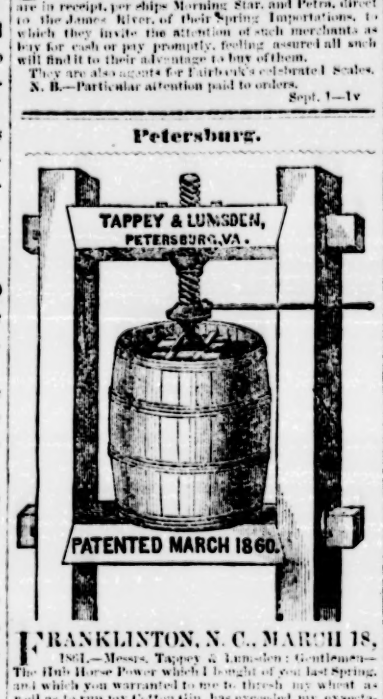
IMPORTERS of heavy and Fancy Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and "Anchor Bolting Cloth," are in receipt, per ships Morning Star, and Petra, direct to the James River, of their Spring Importations, to which they invite the attention of such merchants as buy for cash or pay promptly, feeling assured all such will find it to their advantage to buy of them.

They are also agents for Fairbank's celebrated Scales.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders.

Sept. 1—1y

Petersburg.



FRANKLINTON, N. C., MARCH 18, 1861.—Messrs. Tappey & Lumsden: Gentlemen—The Hub Horse Power which I bought of you last Spring, and which you warranted to me to thresh my wheat as well as to run my Cotton Gin, has exceeded my expectations by far. I first took it into the field to thresh my wheat which it did with much ease to the horses. Then I put it into the Gin House to drive my Cotton Gin with forty saws which I can drive easily with four horses, and pick six thousand pounds of seed cotton per day. I removed your machine to my brother's farm, because in my opinion it is the best power of its kind in use.

Yours truly,

RUFUS WILDER.

PRICE—Hub Power, $160; Thresher, $80; Extra Pulley, $4. The above Horse Powers and Threshers are only manufactured at our Foundry. Also two horse Coolers for Corn Grounds.

Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Mill Gearing, Tobacco Presses and Shapes, on hand and made to order.

sept. 8—1y. TAPPEY & LUMSDEN.

Business Cards.

JOHN A. PRITCHETT, CABINET-MAKER, and dealer in Furniture, near the N. C. Railroad depot, Greensboro, keeps constantly on hand or will make to order all kinds of cabinet furniture, such as dressing-bureaus, wardrobes, washstands, cottage bedsteads, chairs, coffins. FISK'S PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES (the cheapest article of all sizes, always on hand. ☞ Persons wishing anything in his line should call and examine his work, as he is confident from his past experience it cannot be excelled. Work delivered on board the cars free of charge. 127-1y

S. ARCHER, S. CUNNING.

S. ARCHER & CO., Dealers in *READY-MADE CLOTHING and GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS*, Jan. 5, 1861—1y. Greensboro, N. C.

T. R. FENTRESS, Merchant Tailor, No. 14 Fayetteville Street, *RALEIGH*, North Carolina, will return in a few days from New York with a large supply of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Furnishing Goods in every variety. He respectfully invites the attention of the Gentlemen of Greensboro and vicinity to his establishment, and warrants the best goods, and the best fits at the cheapest Northern prices. He will visit any place for the purpose of taking measures, where a number of orders are made up for him to justify. Encourage home industry. Nov. 6—tf.

Professional Cards.

DENTAL CARD.—J. A. LINK, of Richmond, Va., and late of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, desirous to locate permanently in Greensboro', tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity. Office in Yate's building, front room on second floor. mya 29—tf

J. W. HOWLETT, D. D. S. ..... J. L. HOWLETT.

J. W. HOWLETT & SON, DENTISTS, Greensboro, N. C. 1-1y

JOHN W. PAYNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, having permanently located in Greensboro, will attend the courts of Guilford, Alamance, Randolph, Davidson, Forsythe, Orange and Rockingham. All claims entrusted to them for collection, will receive prompt attention. Office on North Elm street, fourth door from Lindsay's corner. jan 21—1y

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!—Having purchased of J. B. F. BOONE his entire stock of Boots and Shoes, the undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Greensboro and surrounding country, that they intend keeping a

GOOD ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

and other articles connected with that line of business always on hand—which they are determined to sell very low, and for CASH ONLY.

☞ Opposite Brittain's Hotel.

July 21-tf B. G. GRAHAM & CO.

PIONEER STEAM MILL.—At the urgent solicitations of friends, I have erected, at my plantation 4 miles below this place, a STEAM FLOURING MILL with 2 pairs of Brown's patent Burrs, Mill capable of grinding a large amount of Grain daily. If we can be sustained in this enterprise we will assure those who patronise us that better flour cannot be made for them in North Carolina. Every portion of the machinery is of the latest improvement and every reasonable effort will be made to give entire satisfaction. Garners will be furnished to all who wish to store wheat, and Barrels to those who wish to have flour packed. Give us a trial, and we assure you shall not be disappointed.

apr. 6—6m. W. J. MCCONNEL

BEATAVILLA FEMALE SEMINARY, Davidson County, N. C., opens July 22, 1861, under competent teachers subject to my supervision, as proprietor. Board in the Seminary under the care of Col. S. A. Spaugh $7.50. Tuition from $8 to $15 per Session. G. W. MEGE, A. M.

(july 20-2ms.)

JOB WORK.—The reputation we have enjoyed for the last five years sustains us in putting OUR JOB WORK IN COMPETITION WITH THAT OF ANY OFFICE IN THE STATE.

We will do any kind of Printing as neat and as CHEAP as any other office will, and

ALWAYS HAVE IT EXECUTED WHEN PROMISED

Address, JAS. W ALBRIGHT,
Greensboro, N. C.

NOTICE TO THE FARMERS OF N. C.—As the intercourse between the North and the sea-port towns is entirely broken up we must furnish ourselves from our own State with Flour, Hay, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Garden Vegetables &c., &c.—Consignments of the above articles are solicited, and will receive *personal* and prompt attention, by

JOHN F. FOARD.

Wholesale and retail dealer in Provisions and Groceries, near the Old County Wharf Newbern, N. C.

may 18—6m*

LEVI M. SCOTT. ..... WILLIAM L. SCOTT.

SCOTT & SCOTT, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Greensborough, N. C., will attend the courts of Guilford, Alamance, Randolph, Davidson, Forsythe, Orange and Rockingham. All claims entrusted to them for collection, will receive prompt attention. Office on North Elm street, fourth door from Lindsay's corner. jan 21—1y

SCHOOL DIRECTORY.

A DELIGHTFUL PLACE to LIVE! A splendid place to study! Come to the Oceanside. We have none of the extremes of heat and cold.—Books and natural scenery here will educate the mind and the soil to the greatest perfection.

We make no flourish over *numbers*, knowing scholarship to be of greater importance. The ATLANTIC FEMALE SCHOOL is not sectarian. L. BRANSON,
aug1-1y Morehead City, N. C.

BEULAH MALE INSTITUTE, Madison, Rockingham county, N. C.—A First Class School for Boys. Rev. L. H. SHUCK, A. M., Principal. Students thoroughly prepared for College or for the practical duties of life. Scholarship thorough and rigid. Idleness and dissipation positively forbidden. Tuition $15 to $20. Board $8 per month. Next Session opens on Wednesday, January 15th, 1862.

REFERENCES—Hon. Thomas Settle, Hon. W. A. Graham, J. J. Martin, Esq., Gen. Peter Hairston, J. H. Dillard, Esq., Col. J. Masten, Wm. Martin, Esq., Hon. David S. Reid. nov 28tf

EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY, Greensborough, N. C.—This Institution has been successful operation for twenty-one years, and for the last ten years under its present Principal.

The Course of instruction is designed to afford to Southern Parents an Institution in which can be secured every advantage afforded by the very best Female Seminaries in the country.

The Faculty consists of FIVE Gentlemen and FOUR Ladies. The Institution is, and has been

Thoroughly Southern

in its organization. Greensborough is eminently healthy, and in the present excited state of the country, its geographical position renders it a quiet and safe retreat.

The next Session will commence August 1st, 1861.

For Catalogues containing full particulars of terms, &c. apply to RICHARD STERLING, *Principal*,
June, 18-1—80-tf. Greensborough, N. C.

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE, N. C.—THE FALL SESSION of 1861 will open on the LAST THURSDAY in July.

It is very desirable that pupils be present at the beginning of the session.

TERMS—Board per session $50 00
Tuition 20 00
Extra charges at reasonable rates.

For catalogues containing full particulars apply to
jly 13 T. M. JONES, President

GRAND VIEW FEMALE SEMINARY, Alamance county, N. C., Mrs. NANNIE M. HORTON, Principal, with competent Assistants. This Institution is located in a healthy and intelligent portion of country, seven miles north of Gibsonville Station, on the North Carolina Railroad.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Lower English Branches	$7 00
Higher English Branches	10 00
Music on Piano	15 00
Use of Instrument	1 00
French	5 00
Oil Painting	10 00
Wax, Leather Work, and Embroidery, each	5 00
Board, per session	50 00

The fall session of this Institution will commence on the 15th of July, 1860. Letters should be addressed to

may 9-tf JACOB MORTON,
Morton's Store, Alamance co., N. C.

HIGH POINT FEMALE SCHOOL, High Point, North Carolina.

S. LANDER, A. M., *Principal*.

Miss M. J. TUCKER,
Miss A. M. HAGEN, } *Assistants*.
Mrs. L. A. LANDER,

The Fall session, 1861, will begin August 15th. Pupils admitted any time, and charged for the time they remain.

RATES—Board $8 per month; Tuition, including Latin, French, and Singing, $10.00, $12.50, 15.00; Piano or Guitar, $20.00.

TERMS—Twenty-five dollars per session required in advance, the balance at the close of the session. Pupils furnish their own towels and candles. They buy nothing on credit. A liberal share of patronage is desired and expected. June 26-tf.

KERNERSVILLE HIGH SCHOOLS—MALE AND FEMALE—*Forsyth County, N. C.*

REV. T. S. WHITTINGTON, A. M., Principal.
MISS D. M. WHITTINGTON, Prin. Female Dep.

The next session will open the 15th of January, 1861.—Expenses per term of twenty-one weeks from $15 to $20.

The young ladies board in the Seminary with the Principals. Half of the tuition in the Male and half the expenses in the Female Department, in advance. The remainder at the close of the session. High Point is the nearest depot. For full particulars write for a catalogue. dec 19-tf

JAMESTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, JAMESTOWN, GUILFORD COUNTY, N. C.—The Fall session will open July 4, under the charge of G. W. Hege, A. M.

This institution has the advantage of a healthy location, large and commodious buildings, and extensive philosophical and chemical apparatus, &c.

The President and family, with the other members of the Faculty, live in the College and eat at the same table with the students. Tuition $15 per session; Music on the Piano or Guitar $20; Grecian Painting $7 50; Embroidery $7 50. Latin, French, Oriental Painting, Drawing, Wax Flowers, Wax Flowers Feather Flowers, Wax Fruit, each $7 50; Vocal Music and Composition, each $5; Boarding $7 50 per month, including washing and fires, half in advance. For further information address

(July 1-1y.) G. W. HEGE, *President*.

PATRICK SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE, Patrick County, Va.—The first five months' session of this Institution will commence on Thursday 26th December, 1861, and the next Session will commence Wednesday 2nd January, 1861. A great portion of the buildings has been remodelled and newly plastered since the opening of the present session. We are enlarging the Campus and making important changes on the grounds, which will greatly add to the comfort, convenience and beauty of the place. Our object being to render this Institution as justly celebrated for developing and strengthening the mind, as the healing waters of the "Springs" are for imparting health and vigor to the body; so that, at no distant day, it may stand as the first Female College of the South. Here young ladies, freed from the influence of the fashions and follies of town and city, may quietly pursue their studies, and secure those attainments which will fit them to adorn the highest circles of society. It is very desirable that young ladies be in attendance at the beginning of the Session; but they are charged from date of entrance only. We have no extra charges, and deductions are made in cases of protracted sickness. Bills payable [illegible] entrance, the remainder at close of session.

Terms per Session of Five Months—Elementary English, $7.50; Higher English, $15.00; Modern Languages, each, $7.50; Ancient Languages, each, $7.50; Music, $22.50; Painting in Oil, $7.50; Painting in water colors, $5.00; Grecian and Antique, each, $12.00; Drawing and Embroidery, each $5.00; Board, including room rent, fuel, lights, and washing, $50.00. For particulars refer to pamphlet, or address, REV. W. B. McILHANY, A. M., Pres.

aug 4-1y Patrick Springs, Va.

THE CHILDREN MUST BE EDUCATED.—The children must be educated, war or no war, so a gentleman offers his services as teacher of an Academy or private school; was formerly Tutor in Independence College, in Va., can give testimonials of irreproachable character if required. Any person wishing to employ will please address, giving full particulars, so that I can rely upon their offer. None need apply unless he knows, or will be responsible that the school will pay well. Address, G. J. BARTLEY,
27tf—1m Burr Hill, Va.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—The next collegiate year will begin Friday, 19th July, 1861.

Two large and well arranged edifices containing Lecture Rooms, Society Halls and forty Dormitories, have just been completed and ready for occupancy. The Libraries and Cabinets are receiving constant additions; the corps of Instructors is full and efficient, and in all the departments of the Institution the means and opportunities for improvement greater than at any former period. The healthfulness of Chapel Hill is proverbial.

June 22—5w D. L. SWAIN, President.

WATSONVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.—The Spring session of this school will commence on the First Monday in February 1861, and continue for five months. We have in our employ a full corps of teachers, and no pains will be spared to promote the advancement of young ladies who may patronize us.

dec24-tf E. F. WATSON.

YADKIN INSTITUTE, DAVIDSON COUNTY, N. C.—Those, who have been students with us, are now in the War.

We must live and will if our friends will remember us in this, our time of need.

The Fall Session opens July 15th, 1861, under my late assistant teacher, H. N. Dwire, as Principal, who is fully competent to fill the position.

Mr. Dwire has considerble experience and is a very successful teacher. Board, Washing, Fuel, $7.50. Tuition from $8 to $15 per session. G. W. HEGE, A. M.

(july 20-2ms.)

Periodicals.

A PAPER FOR THE CRISIS!

'THE TIMES,

THE FAMILY NEWSPAPER FOR N. CAROLINA

A Large Weekly, Published in Greensboro, N. C.

$2.00 A YEAR.....$1 FOR SIX MONTHS.

THE TIMES enters upon its sixth volume the first week in January 1861, in a new dress of large and readable type. It shall be the untiring efforts of the publishers to make THE TIMES a Family Newspaper equal to the demands of the present crisis. THE TIMES is neither sectarian nor political; but by its freedom of thought, and independence of character, its columns shall be filled with *live* and *spirit* and will present and defend whatever policy will, in the opinion of its editors, best promote the interest of the people and develope and enrich the State. The editors of THE TIMES will pay special attention to the news department of the paper, and will report the proceedings of Congress, of the Legislature, of the various state Conventions, and whatever will be interesting to its readers in every section of the country. No labor will be spared to have the latest, the fullest and the most reliable news.

THE TIMES will receive during the coming year more attention than heretofore. The Domestic economy, comfort and happiness, and the independent and honorable pursuit of Agriculture, form the great wealth and peculiar characteristic of our free country, and specially so in North Carolina. THE TIMES will, therefore, be a welcome visitor to every country home, and to every industrious farmer.—THE TIMES is pre-eminently the people of North Carolina as a home paper, devoted to the development of home industry, in the confident hope that our people will be disposed in this national crisis to patronize home papers; to build up home interests instead of scattering their substance and their energies among strangers. Give THE TIMES a trial, and then let it stand on its own merits.

Address JAMES W. ALBRIGHT,
Greensboro, N. C.

☞ Specimen numbers sent, on application.

THE N. C. JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.—The 4th volume of this journal commenced with the year 1861. It will be published monthly, at

ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR!

and each number will contain thirty-two pages of reading matter.

THE JOURNAL is neatly printed on good book paper, with some improvements, and efforts will be made to improve it in every respect, in proportion to the encouragement received from those to whom it looks for support.

It is the property and organ of the State Educational Association, and is under its control; and it is the aim and wish of the committee to whom the management of it is entrusted, to make it a valuable auxiliary in the cause of education.

THE JOURNAL is also designed to be a medium of communication between the General Superintendent of Common Schools and the school officers and teachers of the State. As soon as the many boards of superintendents receive a copy of THE JOURNAL for each school district in the special interests and wants of Common Schools—Teachers and other friends of education are earnestly requested to act as agents, and also to contribute articles suitable for its page.

TERMS: One Dollar per annum, invariably in advance; any one sending ten new subscribers, will be entitled to one copy extra.

THE JOURNAL and THE TIMES, one year, for $2.50.

As a medium for ADVERTISING, the *Journal* is not surpassed by any publication in the State. In about one fourth of the counties it is sent to not less than three persons in each school district, not exceeding 3 miles square, which gives it a circulation equivalent to 600, or more, with a constant increase. For terms, &c., address,

tf J. D. CAMPBELL,
Greensborough, N. C.

Norfolk and Portsmouth.

W. T. WALKE ..... T. J. WALKE, M. D. ..... N. B. GOODWYN.

WALKE & CO., Importers and Jobbers of DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, and Druggists' Fancy Goods, *NORFOLK, Va.* Sept. 1—1y.

FALL TRADE. 1861.

HERMAN & CO., NORFOLK, VA., Wholesale Dealers in *BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER*, and everything else to form an extensive Shoe Establishment. Sep. 16.

3000 PACKAGES BOOTS, SHOES, &c., just received from the hands of manufacturers and for SALE at 5 per cent. less than Northern prices.—Nos. 38 & 40 Main Front, Market Square, *NORFOLK, VA*. Sep. 16. HERMAN & CO.

KING & TOY, *Wholesale Druggists*, *NORFOLK, VA.*, offer to Druggists and General Dealers the largest stock and best assortment in the South, of *Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, Dyestuffs, Dyestuffs*, patent medicines, &c., at New York wholesale prices, for cash. Sept. 1—1y.

M. A. & C. A. SANTOS, No. 3 & 5 Main street, and No. 31 Bank street, Norfolk, Va., Importers and Dealers in *DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, Window Glass, Seeds, Spices, Segars, &c.* Perfumery, &c., &c. Our stock will always be large and select, and bought from first hands, and to a great extent for cash, and as the proper time we can give assurance of the early receipt of such goods, and can sell at the Lowest Market Rates. M. A. & C. A. SANTOS.

Sept. 1.—1y.

ROWLAND & BROTHERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Norfolk, Va., are prepared to receive and dispose of all consignments in any quantity or lot from Orange, Alamance, Guilford and neighboring counties. Many years experience together with every facility and ability, enables us to guarantee satisfaction and prompt sales in all cases. We have sold for and refer to among others: P. C. Cameron, W. J. Bingham, Orange; H. T. Rollin, J. Newlin & Sons, Alamance; J. H. Hogg, Rowan, Chatham; White & Cameron, C. Phifer & Co., Cabarrus; C. F. Fisher, Salisbury; E. G. Reade, Person; W. J. Holmes, Rowan. Authorized agents for THE TIMES, to receive subscriptions, etc. 6-1y

Medical.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Lingering and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs. MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in case of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge. VALUABLE REPORTS on spermatorrhœa and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors,

CLARA D. HEARTWELL, *President*.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary*. Nov. 5—1y.

WHY DO YE SUFFER WITH Cancer, Asthma, Scrofula, or any skin disease, when it is in your power to be speedily and effectually cured? Having treated many very bad cases—some of which were given up as hopeless by those not knowing my remedies—I have no hesitancy in saying I can cure anyone of the above diseases in a very short time. Seeing is believing, and if any one is incredulous, I can produce a number of certificates from some of the first men in this and the adjoining States. Calls will be made, or medicine sent by mail.

He is also in possession of a plain and simple art, by which the worst cases of Stuttering and Stammering can be cured in a very short time. The afflicted would do well to write him and describe their case.

Address, WM. E. EDWARDS,
tf Greensboro, N. C.

LAMPS, LAMPS, LAMPS, LAMPS—In consequence of gas having been lately introduced into our place, we have left on our hands a large assortment of Kerosine Lamps, which we propose to sell for less than the original cost. We can furnish lamps suited to churches, academies, parlors or kitchens. Call at the Drug Store PORTER & GORRELL.

may5

BROWN'S LAXATIVE TROCHES.

This Celebrated Medical PREPARATION CAN BE HAD at the DRUGG STORE, Greensboro.

June 1.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

WILL IMMEDIATELY RELEIVE Bronchetis, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Horseness, Asthma, Cold, and all other affections of the throat and lungs.

FOR SALE AT THE DRUGG STORE, GREENSBORO.

June 1.

Every description of legal BLANKS for sale at this Office.

HE TIMES.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

Saturday, December 14, 1861.

Rules without Exceptions.

1. All who are now indebted to the office be dunned every month until they pay ...d customers semi monthly.
2. No name will be entered on our books ...ubscription un'e s we first received the ...y or its equivalent.
3. No job will be delivered until paid ...
4. Legal Blanks cash on de'ivery.
5. Transient advertisements must be ...for in advance: six and twelve months ...isements, on first of January and July. ...ns from a di-tance can enclose any amount ...a dollar they desire to invest in this way ...we will be governed by our terms in an... column.

To our Patrons and Friends.

With the present number closes the ...h and last volume of THE TIMES.—...s not for us to say how well we have ...ed you in the past—many that we ... address have stood by us from the ... and to them we are grateful. We ...red zealously, spent much of our hard ...ed money to make THE TIMES a first ...s Southern family paper; and when ... war cloud, that now hangs so darkly ...r this beloved land, first spread its ...ow over us, we were in as prosperous ...adition as we could expect.

...he principal editor, being a young and ...otic man, soon caught the alluring ...it of war, buckled on his armour, and ... stands on the broad, and once calm ... peaceful Potomac, with his band of ...uilford Men" to assist in driving back ... merciless invadors. The Senior ... us in May last, and Providence ...rwise having sadly bereft us, we have ...been able to make *The Times*, since ...t period what it should have been, or ...t under more favorable circumstances ...would have made it.

...here are many pleasant associations ...ected with *The Times*, with which ...reluctantly part; and while we will ...r look back to the years spent in its ...lication, as the happiest and bright... we ever enjoyed, yet the field that ...w lies before us is of quite a different ...ure. None of the wild and youthful ...cies that then filled our heart, ever ...e to us now, except as the echoes of ...ast that can never be recalled. The ...rn realities of a dark and unknown ...ure stare us in the face and defiantly ... us give them battle. We have always ...deavored to go where duty calls us, al...ugh we often feel our inability to dis...rge that duty. We prefer, however, ...leave *The Times* behind, as it never ...s intended for such evil times as have ...fallen us. We, therefore, go into an...er sphere with the same determination ...do our best, that we entered upon the ...blication of this paper. We thank our ...rons for their support in the past,

...nd so, without more circumstance,
...d it fit that we shou d shake hands and part:
..., as your business, and desire, shall point you—
...r every man hath business and desire,
...ch as it is—and for my own poor part,
...you, I wi l go—"

...d print "*The Way of the World!*"

Concert.

It will be seen by reference to our ad...tising columns, that the young ladies of ...ensboro Female College intend giving ...ncert on Friday night, the 20th inst. ...e proceeds of this entertainment will ...appropriated for the Soldiers, in the ...nner best calculated to promote their ...fort. We simply call attention to ... advertisement, knowing that the con... will be worthy of the large attend...e it will undoubtedly receive from our ...zens.

Gen. Polk has entirely recovered, and ...assumed command at Columbus.

The Way of the World.

The subscribers to *The Times* are entitled to one more paper this year; but as we desire to publish the first number of the *World* before the printers take their accustomed Christmas holidays, we will send the *World* next week, to all those entitled to the *Times*. We would be pl ased to enter the name of every old subscriber on the new books, but unless we receive notice to do so, shall not. We hope, therefore, that every one who wants the *World* will let us know it before the first day of January, 1862.

"OUR OWN PRIMARY GRAMMAR, for the use of beginners: by Charles W. Smythe, A. M., Principal of the Lexington English and Classical School." This is a very neat and tastefully gotten up book for the present times. Those competent to judge of its merits as a School Book give it a very high recommendation. We are glad to learn it meets with great success. If we expect to maintain our political independence, we must not look to foreign countries for our school books. Orders will receive prompt attention, if sent to Sterling & Campbell, Greensboro, N. C; W. H. White, Richmond, Va.; or McCarter & Dawson, Charleston, S C.

HUTTON AND FRELIGH'S SOUTHERN MONTHLY.—We have received the November number of this excellent Magazine, and cordially recommend it to the liberal patronage of the people of this State. See terms in another column.

Order from Head-Quarters.

The following persons will be exempt from Company Drills, except once in three months:

All workmen in any factory engaged in working for the State, or making arms, lead or powder, or in ship-building for the State or Confederate States, the necessary employees of Telegraph or Express lines, or Daily Press. Ferrymen and keepers of Canal Locks, State Officers, and those persons whose employment in the service of the State is inconsistent with attendance on militia drill, and persons excused under the militia law.

This order will not be understood as excusing any person from militia duty, when called upon to repel invasion, or suppress an insurrection, or from Regimental or Brigade drills and musters.

ALABAMA PIKES.—The Legislature of Alabama, on the 27th, appropriated $6,000 for the purpose of arming the 48th regiment Alabama Militia, at Mobile, with pikes and bowie knives. The pattern is said to be formidable and destructive.

MCCLELLAN IN FAVOR OF EXCHANGING PRISONERS.—A Washington dispatch says:

It is well known here that the new commander-in-chief is in favor of inaugurating a system of exchanging prisoners, as being in accordance with the principles of civilized warfare of the age. This will restore to the service some of the best of the officers in the regular army, who are now restrained by a parole, forced from them in Texas and elsewhere, besides giving encouragement to our men, in the day of battle, to hold their ground.

A singular, but novel, effect of the tremendous cannonade lately between Fort Pickens and our forces at Pensacola is shown in the beach being strewed with dead fish, killed by the concussion of the report of the guns.

A week well filled up with selfishness, and the Sabbath stuffed full of religious exercise, will make a good Pharisee, but a poor Christian. There are many persons who think Sunday is a sponge with which to wipe out the sins of the week.

Prof. Lowe's balloon "Constitution" was shipped from Washington to Beaufort, South Carolina.

Great Fire!

A telegraphic dispatch in the Charlotte *Bulletin*, dated Columbia, Dec. 12th, says:

Two-thirds of the city of Charleston is in now in ashes. The fire commenced on the night of the 11th and was burning at 5 o'clock this morning. It was the work of incendiaries. This is already as great a fire as ever occured in America, and it may destroy the whole city.

Another Famine in Ireland.

The Dublin correspondent of the London *Herald*, of the 5th of November, says:

The unproductive harvest is already making itself felt in the west of Ireland, where the clergy of all creeds and the local gentry feel themselves called upon to exert themselves to mitigate, as far as with them lies, the evils of impending want.

A local journal, the Sligo *Champion*, says:—At this moment the people in the west of Ireland are in a state that must eventuate in appalling distress, if something be not done for their relief. As regards the county of Sligo, we have it on the authority of a landed proprietor—one of those considerate landlords who will not shut their eyes to facts—that in some quarters the people are not as well off as they were in 1847; at that time they had some little hoard from previous savings, but now they are without any means, in consequence of the three last years being so severe, "so bad," as they expressively term it. In the districts alluded to, two thirds of the tenants are unable to pay their rents. The attention of the Government has been called to distress in Cliffden, but the only answer vouchsafed is one similar to that given to the venerable Archdeacon Coghlan by Sir Robert Peel—to wit "the subject is continuing to receive the anxious attention of the Irish Government." Of what avail is this "continuing to receive," if the people are left to perish in the meantime? This week the winter has set in with sudden and unusual severity, and if something be not done quickly, we dread the consequences.

The Emperor and Empress of France were present lately at the trial of a fire-proof dress, invented by M. Buvert. The dress is described to be both water-proof and fire-proof, and is copiously stuffed with sponges sewn together. He wears a helmet like that of a diver, with an apparatus for supplying fresh air, and glasses to see through. At a signal from the Emperor, he set fire to the temporary cottage, and when the flames had well got ahead he went into the midst of them several times with perfect impunity. The Empress, greatly excited by the scene, cried out repeatedly, "Enough; oh, it's quite enough!" The experiment was considered to be entirely successful, and the Emperor warmly complimented M. Buvert upon his invention.

A New Gun.

Our fellow-townsman, Dr. J. W. Howlett, by a slight tax of his inventive genius, has succeeded in bringing to perfection the most beautiful specimen of workmanship, in the shape of a breach loading rifle, which we have ever seen. The gun is well designed for cavalry use, being about twenty inches in length of barrel, having a very simple lock, which by means of a spring operates so as to easily introduce the cartridge, of which several kinds are made, some being loaded in cylinders, and others of a waterproof nature. We have seen this piece tested. It will throw a conical ball two hundred yards with the utmost precision. And the ease with which it can be loaded—say twenty or thirty times in a minute—must recommend it to all, who desire an efficient gun.—*Patriot.*

TO BE SHOT.—Colonel Kerrigan, of the Yankee army, has been sentenced to be shot for holding traitorous communication with the enemy. He belongs to the New York Twenty-fifth Regiment.

Tribute of Respect.

GREENSBORO' LODGE No. 76 OF A. Y. M.
December 3, 1861.

Whereas, it has pleased the Almighty Ruler of the Universe, in the dispensation of his Providence to call our worthy and beloved brother, S. W. WESTBROOK, from his labors here below, to that more perfect and celestial life above; and whereas we, as his brethren and members of this Lodge, feel deeply sensible of the solemnity of this inscrutable dispensation, both as a warning to ourselves, and to others, to be prepared for a similar destiny, therefore,

Resolved, That we bow with humble submission to this dispensation of Providence feeling that though an affliction to us and to the family and friends of our deceased brother, yet it is done with that wisdom that "does all things well" for mortals.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the family and friends of our deceased brother, in this afflicting calamity to them.

Resolved, That as a token of respect and sincere esteem, we wear the usual badge of morning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and these resolutions be sent to the family of our deceased brother, and that the papers of this place be requested to publish the same.

ROBT. W. DENNY,
W. C. A. FREERICHS,
D. GUNDLING. } *Com.*

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Way of the World.

A DOLLAR NEWSPAPER.

To be published weekly in Greensboro, N. C.

BY JAMES W. ALBRIGHT.

TERMS: Twelve months, One Dollar; Six months, fifty cents; single copies five cents.

Having been in the printing and publishing business for the last ten years, we have long since become disgusted with long and flashy prospectuses, and will simply say that we expect to publish as good a paper as possible for the price and the hard times. We will be entirely independent in every thing. And, while we will adhere closely to *virtue, truth* and *justice*, we will take no pains to please a world

"Where honest thoughts are a reproach to man,
Where knaves look great, and groaning virtue starves
A world of madness, falsehood, and injustice!"

We shall endeavor to make the paper what its title indicates—a truthful shadow of *The Way of the World!*—its virtues, its vices, its realities and its fancies; yet, we are frank to admit

"Tis a very good world that we live in,
To lend, or to spend, or to give in:
But to borrow, or beg, or get a man's own,
'Tis the very worst world that ever was known!"

☞ The first number will appear on Thursday, the second of January, 1862; enclose five cents, get a copy, and if you like it subscribe We desire the paper to speak for itself.

☞ Please do not trouble us with letters unless you send the money, for they will, *in no case*, be attended to.

*** Editors will confer a favor by giving this prospectus such notice as they deem proper.

Hutton & Freligh's

Southern Monthly.

TERMS ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

One Copy—per year,		$ 3 00
Two Copies, to one address or post office,		5 00
Six Copies,	" " "	15 00
Eleven Copies,	" " "	25 00
Twenty-One Copies,	" " "	45 00
Fifty Copies,	" " "	105 00
One Hundred Copies,	" " "	200 00

☞ In ordering, be particular to write names of subscribers, Post Office and State, distinct and clear.

Address, HUTTON & FRELIGH,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Head Quarters N. C. Troops,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, Oct. 15, 1861.

[GENERAL ORDER, No. 23.]

ALL COMPANIES HEREAFTER ACCEPTED BY the Governor, will remain at home, without pay, until called on for active service, when a reasonable time will be allowed them for reaching the appointed place of rendezvous. This order is necessary, on account of the limited quantity of Clothing and Camp Equipage now on hand, and to enable the Governor to have these supplies ready for the use of the Troops at the time they begin their field service.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

J. G. MARTIN,
Adjutant General.

October 18, 1861. 43—tf.

LADIES' CONFECTIONERY.—Mrs. J. C. CLENDENIN, having purchased the entire stock of *Confectionery, Toys, Perfumery, &c.*, (belonging to the late Mrs. Albright,) would be pleased to see the friends of the enterprise at the same place the Ladies so liberally patronized heretofore. Mrs. Clendenin will spare no pains to make her shop, what it has ever been—*the best place* for Ladies to trade who desire things in her line of business.

☞ Mr. Albright has placed the accounts due Mrs. Albright in my hands for collection—and the had as indebted will oblige him by calling soon. MRS. J. C. C. September 11, 1861.

CRACKERS! CRACKERS!! THE SUBSCRIBER IS PREPARED TO FURNISH merchants and families with fresh baked Crackers, Pilot Bread &c., at reasonable prices. Call and examine and leave your orders. Terms cash. S. TAYLOE.
Newbern, N. C., July 29, 1861. 2m.

JUST PUBLISHED, and now ready for sale—THE VOLUNTEER'S MANUAL AND DRILL BOOK. 1 vol., 18mo., 372 pages. Price $1.50. Compiled from the best and latest authorities for the volunteers and Militia of the Confederate States, by Lieut. Col. Wm. H. Richardson graduate and formerly assistant instructor of Tactics, Virginia Military Institute. This valuable book is a liberal abridgment of Hardee's Tactics, including the School of the Battalion, and instructions for Skirmishes—the Balance Step, and the Manual of Arms for the Musket being introduced from Gilham's Manual; also the forms of Parade for Reviews, Inspection, Dress Parades, Guard Mounting, Duties of Guards, Duties of Captain in Camp and Garrison, Marches, Camps, &c., together with Soldier's Rations and mode of cooking them, and a few important sanitary suggestions to soldiers. ☞ IN PRESS, a new edition of the Trooper's Manual. By Col. Lucius Davis. 1 vol., 18mo. Price $1.25.

A. MORRIS, Publisher and Bookseller,
(july 16-tf.) Richmond, Va.

FOR THE DEFENCE OF THE CONFEDERATE STATES.—The undersigned is appointed an Agent for the reception of subscriptions, of such portions of their crops, as the patriotic citizens of North Carolina may be able to invest in the bonds of the Confederate States.

These bonds have twenty years to run, and bear eight per cent interest, payable semi-annually.

Among the advantages to the country from this arrangement may be stated the following:

1st. It offers the best investment in public securities, either North or South.

2nd. It obviates any necessity that may arise for a War Tax.

3rd. It will prove to Europe and the World, not only our determination to support the Government of the Confederate States, but our *ability* to do so, &c., &c.

The undersigned earnestly requests those to whom he has distributed subscription papers to use every exertion to get them filled as soon as possible and returned to him at Raleigh, N. C., where he will be glad to receive other subscriptions and to give further information, if necessary.

H. K. BURGWYN,
Raleigh, North Carolina.

NOTICE.—All persons having Accounts with me, or with COLE & AMIS, are requested to come and settle the same, as my books must be closed. R. L. COLE.

Mr. C. W. Woollen, or W. H. Faucett is authorized to make settlements in my absence. R. L. C.
Jan. 19—tf.

TRACTS FOR THE SOLDIERS.—REPRINTED AT RALEIGH, N. C.

"A voice from Heaven,"	4	pages.
"Don't put it off."	"	"
"All sufficiency of Christ."	"	"
"Self-Dedication to God."	"	"
"Private Devotion."	"	"
"The Act of Faith."	"	"
"The Sentinel."	"	"
"Motives to Early Piety."	"	"
"Come to Jesus." (formerly 64	"	now in 8,

and in 8 four page tracts.

Approved by all the Pastors of this City.—A large edition of the above should be printed before the type is distributed, as it will cost $40 to reset them. The number and variety will be increased as funds are given. $100 pays for 150,000 pages; $20 pays for 30,000 pages, and $1 pays for 1500.

Donations to be sent to the Agent, which he will acknowledge by letter and report to each of the Pastors of this City. More than 50,000 pages of new tracts have been sent to our soldiers in Virginia.

WM. J. W. CROWDER, Tract Agent.
Raleigh, June 1861.

P. S. Editors will greatly aid this good work by inserting the above 3 or 4 weeks. W. J. W. C.
(july 5-4w.)

"COSTAR'S" Vermin Exterminators.

THE

"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN,"

Destroys Instantly

EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

Vermin.

Those preparations (unlike all others,) are
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the human family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

10 YEARS and more established in New York City.

Used by—the City Post Office.

Used by—the City Prisons and Station Houses.

Used by—City Steamers, Ships, &c.

Used by—the City Hotels—'Astor'—St. Nicholas,' &c

Used by—the Boarding Houses, &c, &c.

Used by—more than 50,000 Private Families.

☞ *See what the People, Press and Dealers say.*

HENRY R. COSTAR.—All the summer I have been troubled with Roaches and Mice. I was actually ashamed of the house, for the Roaches were everywhere. I purchased a box of your Exterminator and tried it, and in one week there was not a Roach or Mouse in the house.
JOHN B. GIVENS, No. 94 Elm Street.

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster, (Wis.) Herald.*

HENRY R. COSTAR—Your Exterminator is received, used, and pronounced a decided success. We used a box of it, and the way the Rats and Mice around our premises "raised Ned" that night was a caution to sleepers.—Since then not a Rat or Mouse has been heard in kitchen or cellar.—*Marengo (Iowa) Times.*

I HAVE BEEN SELLING—Your Exterminator for the last year, and have found it a *sure shot* every time, have not known it to fail in a single instance."
GEORGE ROSE, Druggist, Cardington, O.

WE ARE SELLING—Your preparations rapidly.—Wherever they have been used, Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Vermin disappear immediately. ECKER & STOUFFER, Druggists, New Windsor, Md.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.

To Destroy——Mice, Moles, &c.

To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.

To Destroy——Moths, Fleas, Ants, &c.

To Destroy——Mosquitoes.

To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.

To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c., &c.

To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin.

USE ONLY

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator.
"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.
"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects, &c.

In 25, 50c. and $1.00 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks.
$3 and $5 Sizes for Plantations, Ships, Boats, Hotels, &c.

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All Wholesale Druggists in large cities.
All Retail Druggists—Grocers—Storekeepers, &c., in all Country Villages and Towns.

Wholesale Agents in N York City.

Sheffelin Brothers & Co.
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Wheeler & Hart.
Hegeman & Co.
Hall, Rockel & Co.
Thomas & Fuller.
P D Orvis.
Penfold, Parker & Mower.
Dudley & Stafford.
Harral, Risley & Kitchen.
Bush, Gale & Robinson.
M Ward, Close & Co.
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D S Barnes & Co.
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Southern States.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,

Perfumery,

FINE TOILET SOAPS, HAIR and TOOTH BRUSHES, Pure Wines and Liquors, for Medicinal Uses,

Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs,

SURGICAL & DENTAL INSTRUMENTS,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

Trusses Supporters and Shoulder Braces, MEDICINE CHESTS,

Manufactured Tobacco, *SNUFF* and Cigars, Grass and Garden seeds,

East and West Market Streets,

And by Druggists, Grocers and Retailers generally, in City and Country.

☞ COUNTRY DEALERS can order as above.

Or address orders direct—[or if Prices, Terms, &c., are desired ☞ send for Circular to Dealers] to

HENRY R. COSTAR.

Principal Depot—No. 512 Broadway—[Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel,] New York.

mch. 9—ew3m.

WAR NEWS.

Important from Key West.

It was stated in the Northern papers on the 27th ult., that two vessels—the British schooner *Adelaide*, of Nassau, and the Confederate privateer *Beauregard*, of Charleston—had been captured by the United States vessels and carried into Key West as prizes. The following particulars are taken from a letter in the New York *Express*, dated Key West, November, 21:

The Adelaide was captured by the United States steamer Connecticut, Captain Woodhull, near Cape Carneveral, on the 17th inst. She is loaded with coffee, lead and swords, having several cases of the latter. The supercargo, Lieut. Hardee, a relative of "Tactics" Hardee, is an officer in the Confederate army. He claims the cargo as his property, and acknowledges that he was taking it to Savannah.

The Adelaide has made several voyages to Savannah since the blockade. The Adelaide has been libelled by the District Attorney, and seized by the United States Marshal, who has placed a guard on board. Hardee and Smith have been taken to Fort Taylor, Major Hill, the commander, consenting to receive them until Captain Woodhull returns from the fleet, when they will be taken to New York.

The Confederate privateer Beauregard, commanded by Captain Gilbert Hay, was captured on the morning of the 12th, one hundred miles E. N. E. of Abacco, by the U. S. sloop W. G. Anderson, Lieut. W. C. Rogers. No resistance was made by the Beauregard, the superiority of the armament of the Anderson being so great that it would have been madness to measure their strength.

While the Anderson was approaching her the crew were engaged in throwing over shot, shell, muskets, &c., and before the capture most of the ammunition was lost—only powder, a few pistols, one or two rifles and the pivot gun on deck remaining. The crew, twenty-seven in number, were at once placed in irons and transferred to the ship Prize. Master Davis, with a picked crew, took charge of the schooner, and rapidly brought her to Key West.

JEFF. THOMPSON TURNS UP AGAIN—HE CAPTURES ANOTHER STEAMER.—This indefatigable patriot is never idle, and whenever we hear from him, we find that his energies have been successful in advancing the cause of the South. From the *Confederate News*, of Columbus, Ky., Dec. 4, we take the following paragraph:

A few days since Gen. Thompson, by a stratagem, captured the steamer Empress, on her trip from St. Louis to Cairo. Jeff. only got 400 cavalry horses and some other valuables, took the crew prisoners, and set fire to and burned the boat. This information we derive from a gentleman from the other side of the river, *and who knows.*

REPORTED CAPTURE OF YANKEES.—Passengers who arrived yesterday from Manassas brought a report that Col. Ashby's command had a sharp skirmish with a foraging party of the enemy, on Sunday last, and killed fifteen, took eighty prisoners, and, captured twenty wagon loads well filled with plunder. Our loss is reported at five killed. We have no means of ascertaining whether the story is correct or otherwise, but it seemed to be generally believed last evening.—*Dispatch.*

FEDERAL FORCES.—From the report of the Federal Secretary of War we see that the several arms of the service are estimated as follows:

	Vols.	Regulars.	Aggregate
Infantry	557,209	11,275	568:84
Cavalry,	54,654	4,744	59,998
Artillery	20,280	4,808	24,688
Rifles & S. S.,	7,395	——	8,395
Engineers,	——	107	107
	640,637	20,335	660,971

The appropriations asked for the service of the fiscal year are completed for a force of 500,000 men. The numercial strength of the cavalry force is now greater than is required, and as it can only be maintained at a great cost, measures will be taken for its gradual reduction.

YANKEE LOSS BY THE GALE.—In the Washington accounts of the 29th ult. it is stated that of the expedition which sailed from Old Point just a month previous for Port Royal, "ten regiments are yet afloat and unheard from. The probability is that they have gone to the bottom."

Col. Henry Heath, of Virginia, it is said by good authority, is placed in command of the Department of Missouri and Arkansas, leaving Price and McCulloch in their present positions.

VESSELS TO BE SUNK IN SOUTHERN HARBORS.—For some weeks it has been whispered that the Navy Department was preparing a fleet of vessels, stone laden, to be sunk in one or perhaps several of the harbors of the Sothern coast. Some reference to this war expedition was made in the Evening Post, of yesterday. The fleet sailed on the 20th inst., and we give below a list of the vessels composing it, with their tonnage. They are old, but substantial whaling vessels, double decked, to give them greater firmness. They were stripped of their copper and other fittings which were not necessary for so short a voyage as they will make, and loaded with picked stone as deeply as was safe.

It will be seen that they were bought at New Bedford, New London, Nantucket, Sag Harbor, Edgartown, Mystic and Newport.

In the bottom of each ship, a hole was bored, into which was fitted a lead pipe five inches in diameter, with a valve so fixed that though perfectly safe even for a long voyage, it can be very quickly removed. It is calculated that the ship will be filled and sunk to the bottom in twenty minutes after the removal of this valve.

To provide against accidental jamming of the valve, each vessel is furnished with two augurs of the proper size.

The crews are of six men each. These will be returned by the men-of-war which will assist in the work of sinking. Each ship will be anchored in the place chosen for her, and will then be sprung round broad side to the channel, thus effecting as great a stoppage as possible. When this is done, and she is in position, the valve will be withdrawn, and when the vessel is nearly level with the water's edge, the men will leave in a small boat. It is reported that an enterprising rigger has gone down with the fleet, with the intention to take off what pieces of spars and rigging may remain above the water's edge after the ships are sunk.—*New York Post.*

The Biggest Lie of the Season.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—A letter from Hatteras Inlet, the 13th, says: We learn that North-Carolina, by a convention of delegates representing forty-five counties, has declared a Provisional Government, and has entirely repudiated the secession act of the State, re-affirming her loyalty and devotion to the Constitution of the United States. The convention met at Hatteras on Monday last. The act passed contained several sections, the substance of which is as follows:

The first declares vacant all the offices of the State.

The second names Marble Nash Taylor Provisional Governor.

The third adopts the Constitution of the United States, with the statutes and laws contained in the revised code of 1856.

The fourth repudiates the ordinance of secession, passed at Raleigh, on the 20th of May, together with all the other acts then adopted.

The fifth directs the Provisional Governor to order a special election for members of Congress.

The sixth gives to the Governor authority to make temporary appointments to official vacancies.

The Convention then adjourned, subject to the call of the President.

Governor Taylor has issued his proclamation for an election in the second Congressional district, which will be held on Wednesday, the 27th inst.

A MEMENTO FROM LINCOLNDOM.—From the Norfolk correspondence of the Petersburg *Express*, dated 5th instant, we extract the following:

A box floated ashore at Fort Nelson, night before last, all the way from Old Point. It contained one blanket, two watches, one silver, the other a "Peter Funk," a letter, and what do you think? three Lincoln notes of $10 each! In the left corner of each was a veritable likeness of the Ape himself, engraved no doubt from a picture taken the day after old Abe got the nomination of the Black Republicans for the Presidency. The letter in the box was written in Dutch, that and the box were both directed to some person in New York. The letter's first page contained a well executed engraving of Fortress Monroe, Jos. Segar's Hygeia Hotel, and the surroundings.

The New York city election has resulted in the choice of Opdyke for mayor, by 1,000 majority over Wood.

Richmond.

1861. SPRING IMPORTATION. 1861

Clarkson, Anderson & Co.,

No. 106 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

IMPORTERS of heavy and Fancy Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and "Anchor Bolting Cloth," are in receipt, per ships Morning Star, and Delta, direct to the James River, of their Spring importations, to which they invite the attention of such merchants as buy for cash or pay promptly, feeling assured all such will find it to their advantage to buy of them.

They are also agents for Fairbank's celebrated Scales.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to orders.

Sept. 1—1y

Petersburg.

FRANKLINTON, N. C., MARCH 18, 1861.—Messrs. Tappey & Lumsden: Gentlemen—The Hub Horse Power which I bought of you last Spring, and which you warranted to me to thresh my wheat as well as to run my Cotton Gin, has exceeded my expectations by far. I first took it into the field to thresh my wheat which it did with much ease to the horses. Then I put it into the Gin House to drive my Cotton Gin with forty saws which I can drive easily with four horses, and pick six thousand pounds of seed cotton per day. I removed your machine to my brother's farm, because in my opinion it is the best power of its kind in use.

Yours truly,

REUBEN WILDER.

PRICE—Hub Power, $100. Thresher, $50. Extra Pully, $4

The above Horse Powers and Threshers are only manufactured at our Foundry. Also two horse Coulters for New Grounds.

Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Mill Gearing, Tobacco Presses and Shapes, on hand and made to order.

sept. 8—1y. TAPPEY & LUMSDEN.

Business Cards.

JOHN A. PRITCHETT, CABINET-MAKER, and dealer in Furniture, near the N. C. Railroad depot, Greensboro, keeps constantly on hand or will make to order all kinds of cabinet-furniture, such as dressing-bureaus, wardrobes, washstands, cottage-bedsteads, chairs, coffins. FISK'S PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES (Rosewood finish) of all sizes, always on hand. ☞ Persons wishing anything in his line should call and examine his work, as he is confident from his past experience it cannot be excelled. Work delivered on board the cars free of charge. 1y

S. ARCHER.....D. GUNDLING.

S. ARCHER & CO., Dealers in *READY-MADE CLOTHING and GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,*

Jan. 5, 1861—1y. Greensboro, N. C.

T. R. FENTRESS, Merchant Tailor, No. 15 Fayetteville Street, *RALEIGH*, North Carolina, will return in a few days from New York, with a large supply of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Furnishing Goods in every variety. He respectfully invites the attention of the Gentlemen of recession and vicinity to his establishment, and warrants the best goods, and the best fits at the cheapest Northern prices. He will visit any place for the purpose of taking measures, where a number of orders are made up for him to justify. Encourage home industry. Nov. 7—tf.

Professional Cards.

DENTAL CARD.—J. A. LINK, of Richmond, Va., and late of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, desirous to locate permanently in Greensboro', tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity. Office in Yates's building, front room on second floor. nov 20—tf

J. W. HOWLETT, D. D. S.....F. H. SCOTT.

J. W. HOWLETT & SON, DENTISTS, Greensboro, N. C. 1-1y

JOHN W. PAYNE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, having permanently located in Greensboro, will attend the courts of Guilford, Randolph and Davidson, and promptly attend to the collection of all claims placed in his hands. 6-1y

JACOB T. BROWN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, High Point, N. C., will attend to any business entrusted to his care. 111-1y

LEVI M. SCOTT.....WILLIAM L. SCOTT.

SCOTT & SCOTT, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Greensborough, N. C., will attend the courts of Guilford, Alamance, Randolph, Davidson, Forsythe, Orange and Rockingham. All claims entrusted to them for collection, will receive prompt attension. Office on North Elm street, fourth door from Holtday's corner. jan 21-1y

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!—Having purchased of J. B. F. BOONE his entire stock of Boots and Shoes, the undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Greensboro and surrounding country, that they intend keeping a

GOOD ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS AND SHOES,

and other articles connected with that line of business always on hand—which they are determined to sell very low, and for CASH ONLY.

☞ Opposite Benbury's Hotel.

July 24-tf B. G. GRAHAM & CO.

PIONEER STEAM MILL.—At the urgent solicitations of friends, I have erected, at my plantation 4 miles below this place, a STEAM FLOURING MILL with 2 pairs of Brown's patent Burrs, Mill capable of grinding a large amount of Grain, daily. If we can be sustained in this enterprise we will assure those who patronise us that better flour cannot be made for them in North Carolina. Every portion of the machinery is of the latest improvement and every reasonable effort will be made to give entire satisfaction. Garners will be furnished to all who wish to store wheat, and Barrels to those who wish to have flour packed. Give us a trial, and we assure you shall not be disappointed.

apr. 6—6m. W. J. McCONNEL

BEATAVILLA FEMALE SEMINARY, Davidson County, N. C., opens July 22, 1861, under competent teachers subject to my supervision, as proprietor. Board in the Seminary under the care of Col. S. A. Spaugh $7.50. Tuition from $8 to $15 per Session. G. W. HEGE, A. M.

(July 20-2ms.)

JOB WORK.—The reputation we have enjoyed for the last five years sustains us in putting OUR JOB WORK IN COMPETITION WITH THAT OF ANY OFFICE IN THE STATE.

We will do any kind of Printing as great and as CHEAP as any other office will, and

ALWAYS HAVE IT EXECUTED WHEN PROMISED

Address, JAS. W ALBRIGHT, Greensboro, N. C.

NOTICE TO THE FARMERS OF N. C.—As the intercourse between the North and the sea-port towns is entirely broken up we must furnish ourselves from our own State with Flour, Hay, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Garden Vegetables &c., &c.—Consignments of the above articles are solicited, and will receive *personal* and prompt attention, by

JOHN F. FOARD.

Wholesale and retail dealer in Provisions and Groceries, near the Old County Wharf Newbern, N. C.

may 18—6m*

SCHOOL DIRECTORY.

A DELIGHTFUL PLACE to LIVE! A splendid place to study! Come to the Oceanside. We have none of the extremes of heat and cold.—Books and natural scenery here will educate the mind and the soul to the greatest perfection.

We make no flourish over *numbers*, knowing scholarship to be of greater importance. The ATLANTIC FEMALE SCHOOL is not sectarian. L. BRANSON.

aug4-1y Morehead City, N. C.

BEULAH MALE INSTITUTE, Madison, Rockingham county, N. C.—A First Class School for Boys. Rev. L. D. SIMMONS, A. M., Principal. Students thoroughly prepared for College or for the practical duties of life. Scholarship thorough and rigid. Idleness and dissipation positively forbidden. Tuition $10 to $20. Board $8 per month. Next Session opens on Wednesday, January 30th, 1861.

REFERENCES—Hon. Thomas Settle, Hon. W. A. Graham, J. J. Martin, Esq., Gen. Peter Hairston, J. H. Dillard, Esq., Col. J. Mosely, Wm. Martin, Esq., Hon. David S. Reid. nov 2m6

EDGEWORTH FEMALE SEMINARY, Greensborough, N. C.—This Institution has been in successful operation for twenty-one years, and for the last ten years under its present Principal.

The Course of instruction is designed to afford to Southern Parents an Institution in which can be secured every advantage afforded by the very best Female Seminaries in the country.

The Faculty consists of FIVE Gentlemen and FOUR Ladies. The Institution is, and has been

Thoroughly Southern

in its organization. Greensborough is eminently healthy, and in the present excited state of the country, its geographical position renders it a quiet and safe retreat.

The next Session will commence August 1st, 1861.

For Catalogues containing full particulars of terms, &c., apply to RICHARD STERLING, *Principal.*

June, 1861—28ts. Greensborough, N. C.

GREENSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE, N. C.—THE FALL SESSION of 1861 will open on the LAST THURSDAY in July.

It is very desirable that pupils be present at the beginning of the session.

TERMS:—Board per session.....$70 00

Tuition.....20 00

Extra studies at reasonable rates.

For catalogues containing full particulars apply to

jy 13 T. M. JONES, President

GRAND VIEW FEMALE SEMINARY, Alamance county, N. C., Mrs. NANNIE M. MORTON, Principal, with competent Assistants. This Institution is located in a healthy and intelligent region of country, seven miles north of Gibsonville Station, on the North Carolina Railroad.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Lower English Branches	$7 00
Higher English Branches	10 00
Music on Piano	15 00
Use of Instrument	1 00
French	5 00
Oil Painting	10 00
Wax, Leather Work, and Embroidery, each	5 00
Board, per session	50 00

The fall session of this institution will commence on the 15th of July, 1860. Letters should be addressed to

JACOB MORTON,

may5-4t Morton's Store, Alamance co., N. C.

HIGH POINT FEMALE SEMINARY, HIGH POINT, North Carolina.

S. LANDER, A. M., *Principal.*

Miss M. J. TUCKER, Miss A. M. HAGEN, Mrs. L. A. LANDER, } *Assistants.*

The Spring session, 1862, will begin January 13. Pupils admitted any time, and charged for the time they remain.

RATES PER SESSION:—Board $50; Tuition, including Latin, French, and Singing, $10.00, $12.50, 15.00; Piano or Guitar, $20.00.

TERMS—Forty dollars per session required *in advance*, the balance at the close of the session. Pupils furnish their own towels and candles. They buy *nothing* on credit. A liberal share of patronage is desired and expected.

KERNERSVILLE HIGH SCHOOLS—MALE AND FEMALE—*Forsyth County, N. C.*

REV. T. S. WHITTINGTON, A. M., Principal.

MISS D. M. WHITTINGTON, Prin. Female Dep.

The next session will open the 11th of January, 1861.—Expenses, per term of twenty-one weeks, from $40 to $50.

The young ladies board in the Seminary with the Principals. Half of the tuition in the Male, and half the expenses in the Female Department, in advance. The remainder at the close of the Session. High Point is the nearest depot. For full particulars write for a catalogue.

dec 15-6

JAMESTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, JAMESTOWN, GUILFORD COUNTY, N. C.—The Fifth Session will open July 4, under the charge of G. W. HEGE, A. M.

This Institution has the advantage of a healthy location, large and comfortable buildings, and extensive philosophical and chemical apparatus, &c.

The President and family, with the other members of the Faculty, live in the College and eat at the same table with the students. Tuition $15 per session; Music on the Piano or Guitar $20; Grecian Painting $7 50; Embroidery $7 50. Latin, French, Oriental Painting, Drawing, Hair Flowers, Wax Flowers, Feather Flowers, WAX FRUIT, each $5; Vocal Music $12; contingent expenses $1; Boarding $7 50 per month, including washing and fuel, half in advance. For further information address me

(July 1-1y.) G. W. HEGE, *President.*

PATRICK SPRINGS FEMALE COLLEGE, PATRICK COUNTY, VA.—The first five months' session of this institution will close Thursday, 20th December, 1860, and the next Session will commence Wednesday 2nd January, 1861. A great portion of the buildings has been remodeled and newly plastered since the opening of the present session. We are enlarging the Campus and making important changes on the grounds, which will greatly add to the comfort, convenience, and beauty of the place. Our object being to render this institution as justly celebrated for developing and strengthening the mind, as the healing waters of the "Springs" are for imparting health and vigor to the body; so that, at no distant day, it may stand as the first Female College of the South. Here young ladies, freed from the influence of the fashions and follies of town and city, may quietly pursue their studies, and secure those attainments which will fit them to adorn the highest circles of society. It is very desirable that young ladies be in attendance at the beginning of the Session; but they are charged from date of entrance only. We have no extra charges, and deductions are made in cases of protracted sickness. Bills payable half at entrance, the remainder at close of session.

Expenses per Session of Five months—Elementary English, $12.50; Higher English, $15.00; Modern Languages, each, $7.50; Ancient Languages, each, $7.50; Music, $22.50; Painting in Oil, $20.00; Painting in water colors, $10.00; Grecian and Antique, each, $12.50; Drawing and Embroidery, each, $5.00; Board, including room rent, fuel, lights, and washing, $50.00. For particulars refer to pamphlet, or address, REV. W. B. McGAVARAN, A. M., Pres.

Patrick Springs, Va.

THE CHILDREN MUST BE EDUCATED.—The children must be educated, war or no war, so a gentleman offers his services as teacher of an Academy or private school; was formerly Tutor in Independence College, in Va., can give testimonials of irreproachable character if required. Any person wishing to employ will please address, giving full particulars, so that I can rely upon their offer. None need apply unless they know, or will be responsible that the school will pay well. Address, G. J. BARTLEY.

276—1m Burr Hill, Va.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—The next collegiate year will begin Friday, 19th July, 1861.

Two large and well arranged edifices containing Lecture Rooms, Society Halls and forty Dormitories, have just been completed and ready for occupancy. The Libraries and Cabinets are receiving constant additions; the corps of Instructors is full and efficient, and in all the departments of the Institution the means and opportunities for improvement greater than at any former period.

The healthfulness of Chapel Hill is proverbal.

June 22—3w D. L. SWAIN, President.

WATSONVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.—The Spring session of this school will commence on the First Monday in February 1861, and continue for five months. We have in our employ a full corps of teachers, and no pains will be spared to promote the advancement of young ladies who may patronize us.

dec24-tf E. F. WATSON.

YADKIN INSTITUTE, DAVIDSON COUNTY, N. C.—Those, who have been students with us, are now in the War.

We must live and will if our friends will remember us in this, our time of need.

The Fall Session opens July 15th, 1861, under my late assistant teacher, H. X. Dwire, as Principal, who is fully competent to fill the position.

Mr. Dwire has considerble experience and is a very successful teacher. Board, Washing, Fuel, $7.50. Tuition from $8 to $15 per session. G. W. HEGE, A. M.

(July 20-2ms.)

Periodicals.

A PAPER FOR THE CRISIS!

THE TIMES,

THE FAMILY NEWSPAPER FOR N. CAROLINA.

A Large Weekly, Published in Greensboro, N. C.

$2.00 A YEAR.....IN SIX MONTHS

THE TIMES enters upon its 12th volume with the first of January 1861, in a new dress of large and readable type. It shall be the untiring efforts of the publishers to make THE TIMES a Family Newspaper equal to the demands of the present crisis. The TIMES is neither secession nor Abolition; but by its freedom of thought, and independence of character, its columns shall be filled with facts and arguments, and will present and defend whatever policy will, in the opinion of its editors, best promote the interests of the people and develope and enrich the State. Every department of THE TIMES will pay special attention to the doings of the Congress, of the Legislature, of the various State Conventions, and whatever will be interesting to the people in every section of the country. No labor will be spared to have the latest, the fullest and most reliable news.

The Home Guards and Associations in the county will find THE TIMES a powerful auxiliary during the coming year in the defence of their homes and firesides, and the independent and honorable character of its agriculture from the great variety of soil and climate characteristic of our fine country, and especially in North Carolina. THE TIMES will, therefore, be a welcome visitor in almost every country home, and a valuable auxiliary to the farmer.

THE TIMES is presented to the people of N. Carolina as a home paper devoted to the development of her resources, to the encouragement of her industry, in the confident hope that every citizen will feel it his patriotic duty to patronize it, and thus encourage home interests instead of sending off our money to support up home interests instead of sending off our money to support and build up those abroad. We ask for THE TIMES a fair and impartial trial, and then let it stand or fall on its merits.

Address JAMES W. ALBRIGHT, Greensboro, N. C.

☞ Specimen numbers sent on application.

THE N. C. JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.—The 5th volume of this Journal commences with the year 1861. It will be published monthly, and each number will contain thirty two pages of matter.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

THE JOURNAL is locally printed, but will be made to receive some improvements, and effort will be made to make it, in every respect, in proportion to the amount of money received from those to whom it looks for support.

It is the property and organ of the State Educational Association, and is under its control; and it is the earnest wish of the committee to whom the management has been entrusted, to make it a valuable auxiliary in the cause of education.

THE JOURNAL is also designed to be a medium of communication between the State Superintendent of Common Schools and the school officers and teachers throughout the State. And since the county boards of superintendents will commence their official duties with the beginning of the year, it is not under the law allowing them to receive pay for their respective services, inconvenient to them to settle for a copy of THE JOURNAL for each school district, the special interests and wants of Common Schools, their Teachers and other Schools of a similar character, are requested to act as agents, and also to contribute articles suitable for its pages.

TERMS: One dollar per annum, invariably in advance; any one sending ten new subscribers, will be entitled to a copy extra.

THE JOURNAL and THE TIMES, one year, for $2.50.

As a medium for ADVERTISING, the *Journal* is not surpassed by any publication in the State. In about one fourth of the counties it is sent to not less than three persons in each school district, and covering a million of people, which gives it a circulation equivalent to about 250,000 with a constant increase. For terms, &c., address

tf J. D. CAMPBELL, Greensboro, N. C.

Norfolk and Portsmouth.

W. T. WALKE.....P. A. WALKE, M. D.....W. S. WALKE

WALKE & CO., Importers and Jobbers of DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, and Druggists' Fancy Goods, NORFOLK, VA. sept. 1—

FALL TRADE.

HERMAN & CO., NORFOLK, VA., Wholesale Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., and everything else found in an extensive Southern establishment. 8m

3000 PACKAGES BOOTS, SHOES, &c., just received from the hands of manufacturers and for SALE at 5 per cent. less than Northern prices. Nos. 38 & 40 Main street, Market Square, NORFOLK, VA.

Sep. 15. HERMAN & CO.

KING & TOY, *Wholesale Druggists*, NORFOLK, VA., offer to Druggists and other Dealers, the largest stock and best assortment in the State of *Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, Perfumery, Brushes*, medicines, &c., at New York wholesale prices. sept 1—

M. A. & C. A. SANTOS, No. 3 Main street, and No. 50 Bank street, Norfolk, Va., Importers and Dealers in *Havana CIGARS*, Window Glass, Sweet Spices, Segars, Soaps, Pickles, &c., &c. Our stock will always be large and well assorted, buying from first hands, and to a great advantage, and at the proper times, we can give assurance of the excellence of our goods, and can sell at the lowest Rates. M. A. & C. A. SANTOS.

Sept. 1.—1y.

ROWLAND & BROTHERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 58, Va. are prepared to receive and dispose of advantageously any quantity of flour from Orange, Alamance, Guilford and the adjoining counties. Many years experience together, and every facility and ability, enables us to guarantee satisfaction and prompt sales. We are permitted to refer to among others: P. C. Cameron, W. J. Bingham, Orange; Hon. T. Ruffin, J. Newlin & Sons, Alamance; H. Haughton, Chatham; White & Cameron, C. Faucett & Co., Concord; C. F. Fisher, Salisbury; E. G. Reade, Hillsboro; W. J. Holmes, Rowan. Authorized agents for the TIMES, to receive subscriptions, etc.

Medical.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. A Benevolent Institution established for the relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs. MEDICAL ADVICE given gratis, by one of the Physicians or Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their complaint, age, occupation, habits of life, &c. Medicines furnished in case of extreme poverty. Medicines furnished free of charge. VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address Dr. J. SKELTON HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Board

EZRA D. HOUSTON, President.

GEO. FAIRCHILD, Secretary.

WHY DO YE [illegible] Cancers, Asthma, Scrofula, when it is in your power to be cured? Having treated many very which were given up as hopeless by t[illegible] I have no hesitancy in say[illegible] one of the above diseases in a very short believing, and if any one is incredulous, number of certificates from some of the and the adjoining States. Cabs will be sent by mail.

He is also in possession of a [illegible] which the worst cases of Stuttering and Stam[illegible] be cured in a very short time. The afflicted [illegible] to write him and describe their case.

Address, WM. E. EDWARDS, tf Greensboro, N. C.

LAMPS, LAMPS, LAMPS, LAMPS! In consequence of gas having been lately introduced into our place, we have left on our hands a large assortment of Kerosine Lamps, which we propose to sell cheaper than the original cost. We can furnish lamps suitable for churches, academies, parlors or kitchens. Call at the Drug Store mayô PORTER & GORRELL.

BROWN'S LAXATIVE TROCHES. This Celebrated Medicinal PREPARATION CAN BE had at the DRUG STORE in Greensboro. June 1.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. WILL IMMEDIATELY RELIEVE Bronchetis, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Horseness, Asthma, Cold, and other affections of the throat and lungs. FOR SALE AT THE DRUG STORE IN GREENSBORO. June 1.

Every description of legal BLANKS for sale at this Office.